

for **USA**
AFRICA™

A stylized white musical note is integrated into the letter 'A' of the word 'USA'.
A stylized white grain stalk icon is integrated into the letter 'A' of the word 'AFRICA'.

*United Support of Artists
for Africa*

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United Support of Artists for Africa
Africa Program Grants

1985-1990

Dedication

USA for Africa wishes to dedicate this Handbook to a former staffmember, whose love and commitment to Africa affected all of us who worked with her.

Emily Nahid Stuman
September 27,1956 -December 28,1988

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PREFACE

This Handbook has been developed to provide a concise but comprehensive summary of the more than 400 projects and 224 organizations which received support from USA for Africa during the five years of its existence.

USA for Africa's funding covered a wide range of projects and programs, from emergency relief for victims of famine, to the institutional support of local African Voluntary Development Organizations (AVDOs). Funding was concentrated in ten target countries: Angola, Burkina Faso, Chad, Ethiopia, Mali, Mauritania, Mozambique, Niger, Senegal, and Sudan. In addition, a smaller number of project grants and regional block grants were made to non-target countries in Africa, and support was provided to approximately two dozen organizations for their development education work in the United States.

The information in this Handbook is not presented as an assessment or an evaluation of efforts funded by USA for Africa. The Handbook does attempt to accurately summarize information presented in funding proposals and related documents approved by USA for Africa's Board of Directors. A version of this Handbook is also available in French. USA for Africa takes full responsibility for the information presented here. Any questions or comments regarding the contents of this Handbook should be directed to USA for Africa.

Acknowledgements and thanks are due to all current USA for Africa staff members for the tireless efforts and energies they put into completing this Handbook. Special thanks goes to Kevin Giles, whose desktop publishing skills made it possible for this effort to be done "in house."

Marcia Thomas
Executive Director
August 1990

ANGOLA

Development Aid From People to People (ADPP)

C.P.345 Skorkaervei 8

Luanda, Angola 6990 Ulfborg, Denmark

DAPP, a Danish organization, advocates a people-to-people approach. DAPP encourages the involvement of Scandinavian people in its development programs through requests for cash or in-kind donations, and by the recruitment of volunteers for its work in Angola, Mozambique, Tanzania, Zimbabwe, and Guinea Bissau.

1988

Agricultural Production in Bengo

\$ 150,000

This farm project is designed to increase food production in the vicinity of Caxito, home to many refugees. Profits from farm produce were used to raise the living standards of refugees by establishing a clinic, housing units, and a water purification facility. In addition, training was provided for war orphans.

1989

Environment Project in Bengo Province

\$87,000

This grant was used to expand Angola's National Tree Planting Campaign, an effort to mobilize the rural population to plant trees for firewood, fruit, and soil conservation. Four village nurseries, were established, each with a capacity of 20,000 trees, a small tool shed was constructed, fencing was put up around nursery areas, and training was provided for management staff.

Ministry of Health (MOH)

C.P.1201

Avenida I Congresso, No.67

Luanda, Angola

The Ministry of Health is a government agency which is responsible for the initiation, provision and maintenance of health services.

1989

Medical and Sanitation Assistance to Displaced Populations

\$250,000

This grant was designed to improve living conditions for displaced people in and around Caixito. Emphasis was on the provision of potable water, and providing training to health technicians in how to utilize Oxfam water kits.

Organization of Angolan Women (OMA)

Rua Comandante Gika-199

Luanda, Angola

OMA, with more than 1 1/2 million members, is a party-affiliated organization which was founded in 1973. Its primary function is to mobilize, politicize and train women in order to integrate them into the process of national development. OMA maintains representatives at government-sponsored refugee reception centers.

1989

Sewing Cooperative

\$250,000

Funds were used for the construction of a building and the purchase of sewing machines, material and patterns for clothing manufacture. Training in sewing skills permitted women to clothe their families and earn an income. Funds provided for the purchase of office equipment, and supplies enabled the group to improve its management activities.

United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)

Three United Nations Plaza,

New York, New York 10017

UNICEF helps developing countries improve the condition of children and youth by providing assistance for community-based service in areas of primary health care, water supply, formal and non-formal education, nutrition and emergency operations.

1989

Expansion of Nutrition and Growth Monitoring Services

\$ 150,000

This project was designed to reduce the high prevalence of malnutrition among Angolan women and children through the promotion of growth monitoring services, reinforcement of nutrition rehabilitation services and establishment of a national nutrition surveillance system. Support was given for the training of national, provincial and district level nutrition program managers and health workers.

Agency for Co-operation and Research in Development (ACORD)

Francis House, Francis Street

London SW1P 1DQ

United Kingdom

ACORD is an international consortium of NGOs which provides support to local organizations and implements its own large-scale, long-term integrated development programs in Africa.

1990

Development Program for Displaced People

\$250,000

Funding has allowed ACORD to work closely with the State Secretariat for Social Affairs (SEAS) to seek improvements in the living standards of displaced families who have been resettled in the community of Viana II outside of Luanda.

BENIN

Unitarian Universalist Service Committee (UUSC)⁷

8 Beacon Street

Boston, Massachusetts 02108

The UUSC, is a non-sectarian, non-profit membership organization founded in 1939 and dedicated to enhancing the economic, social, civil and political rights of people throughout the world. For over twenty-five years, the Service Committee has provided technical assistance and material and financial support to Africa.

1987

Health for the People, By the People/Conference

\$12,000

This funding was used to support 7 African health care professionals to attend a workshop/conference on the training and use of village health workers for the delivery of primary health care.

BURKINA FASO

African Development Bank (ADB)

01 B.P.1387

Abidjan, Cote d'Ivoire

The ADB is the largest indigenous multi-national finance institution in Africa. Its central purpose includes financing activities that promote Africa's long term development. The co-financing of selected ADB projects through USA for Africa grants reduced countries' debt exposure on these projects and freed up ADB funds for additional projects.

1987

Comoe Integrated Development Project

\$ 838,200

Funds contributed to the development of agricultural production; improvements in roads and social infrastructure; provision of credits and fertilizer to farmers' veterinary services; and training in improved methods for various basic food and commercial crops.

Soum Integrated Development Project

\$1,460,000

The goals of this project, implemented in an area hard hit by drought, were to promote forage crops; improve water resources; improve the health of inhabitants and their livestock; organize

and train livestock raisers;reinforce support services to herders; and conduct research and follow-up studies.

Africare

440 'R' Street, N.W.
Washington,D.C.20001

Africare assists in the human and economic development of African countries by developing water resources, increased food production, delivery of basic health services, and emergency assistance to refugees.

1985

Health and Nutrition

\$248,000

Funds to this nutrition andhealth care project were used to provide basic medical equipment and supplies for 12rural dispensaries and to support a large immunization project. In addition, two hundred hectares of land were cultivated to produce vegetables for local consumption.

1986

Toma Zone Vegetable Gardens

\$62,500

This agricultural production project focused on expanding the dry season food supply to a population of approximately 80,000 people. The project also increased employment for local youth in order to reduce seasonal migration to urban areas.

1986

Boulpon Village Food Production

\$59,750

This program focused on dry season farming and irrigation to benefit a population of 18,000. Program activities centered around vegetable production, well development, animal traction and food storage.

1988

Water Resources for Food Security

\$252,000

Grant funds allowed Africare to construct 3 multipurpose dams to irrigate 60 hectares of rice fields and 12 hectares of vegetable gardens. Approximately 18 villages, with a population of 60,000 people, benefited.

Association de Développement Brigade Naaba Lolga (ADBNL)

s/c AVD

BP 4683

Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso

The Development Association of Naaba Lolga was formed in 1968 by community leaders from the Bam province. During the past decade, the association has been encouraging and organizing peasant initiatives to combat erosion and to develop income-generating skills.

1990

Women's Integrated Development Program

\$47,300

This grant was used for dry season market-gardening, the construction of a small artisan center for training in income generation activities, setting up a revolving loan fund for women, the installation of a grain mill and local leadership training for women.

Association Delwendé

BP 5178

Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso

Delwendé was formed in 1981 by local citizens concerned about rural development issues in Burkina Faso. Since 1987 Delwendé has implemented a number of development projects in reforestation, water and sanitation, bio-gas energy, agricultural production and women's programs.

1990

Installation of Bore-hole and Grinding Mill

\$20,500

This grant provided assistance to a local women's association to make clean water easily accessible to the village and to lighten the burden women bear in food production. Funds

were used to purchase a millet grinding machine and to install a bore-hole equipped with a pump. The project also provided project management and technical training to the village development committee and the women's group.

Association Francaise des Volontaires du Progrès (AFVP)

BP 947

Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso

AFVP is a French NGO which provides French volunteer technicians to promote village based development. It intervenes in sectors as diverse as agriculture, water development, and cooperative training.

1986

Kalsaka Water Development

\$80,000

These funds were used to help implement a water development and reforestation program in the area of Kalsaka, Bulkiemdé Province. The program benefited approximately 25,000 people and focused on dam and reservoir construction, tree planting and fish stocking to increase food availability.

Association Pour la Productivité-Burkina Faso (APP)

BP 72

Fada N'Gourma, Burkina Faso

This organization was formed by former staff of Partners for Productivity in Burkina Faso in 1986. APP provides training and support to peasant associations in the areas of credit and small-scale enterprise.

1988

Training in the Use of Credit

\$75,000

Funds were used for training in small income generating projects and to increase a loan fund managed by APP.

The project also provided support to APP's garage and vehicle repair program.

Association Vive le Paysan (AVLP)

B.P.6274

Ouagadougou,Burkina Faso

AVLP is a rural association which was founded in 1979. It is administered entirely by its peasant members. Its work is centered on providing training and technical support to farmers to improve agriculture, health, and education. AVLP now serves over 2,000 villagers in more than 40 villages in the Saponé area south of the capital.

1988

Community Health Program

\$50,000 This grant provided training and refresher courses for 80 community health personnel focusing on the prevention and treatment of endemic diseases such as diarrhea and malaria. Education was also given in basic techniques of community sanitation and hygiene, and ways to organize village clean-up campaigns.

1989

Grain Mills for Saponé

\$ 39,000

Funds were used to expand an existing food processing project by supplying six additional grain mills to women's groups active in AVLP programs. These mills allowed women's groups to earn income, and reduced the time and energy required to process grains manually. The labor saving devices increased food availability while helping to alleviate the burden on women.

1990

Construction of Village Learning Centers

\$47,670

This project allowed AVLP to construct 10 village centers in the Department of Saponé. These centers, used primarily by women, have increased the association's capacity to provide training to its members in reading, writing, basic math, and project management. In addition to a classroom, each center provides a nursery for the children of participants, and a cooking area for preparing communal meals.

1991

Institutional Support

\$50,000

This grant provided AVL P with the institutional support necessary to continue the development and operation of a welding workshop (in collaboration with the Unitarian Universalist Service Committee) as well as other development projects.

Association des Volontaires pour le Développement (AVD)

B.P. 4683

Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso

AVD is an energetic Burkinabe VDO formed in the early 1980's by villagers confronting the devastation to their farming community caused by drought. AVD works throughout the Bam and Bulkiemde provinces. All of its efforts envisage the "taking charge" by local communities of their own development.

1986

Kougsabla Kitchen/Garden Project

\$ 54,628

These funds were used to help conduct a food production and land management program in the village of Kougsabla. The program focused on enclosing land to grow cattle fodder, developing vegetable and diversified garden crops and providing employment to young men and improving cattle breeding. The program benefited some 9,000 people.

1988

Women's Sheep-Raising Project

\$41,500

The purpose of this project was to finance loans to women for the purchase of sheep which they would raise within their family compounds. Participants were able to generate additional income, acquire knowledge of improved domestic sheep raising, increase food availability for the inhabitants in the region and create a revolving fund to finance future projects.

1991

Institutional Support

\$50,000

This grant provided AVD with the institutional support necessary to continue its programs in the areas of environmental conservation, food production, women's income-generating activities, training and literacy.

Bureau de Liaison des ONG et Associations Nationales (BLONGA)

BP 4683

Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso

National development leaders decided to create a structure that would help strengthen local development agencies and be responsive to the particular concerns and needs of African Voluntary Development Organizations and their grassroots partners. BLONGA's overall goal is to work toward bringing together local VDO's to share common experiences in order to develop dynamic initiatives in rural areas.

1990

Institutional Support

\$43,700

This grant provided a vehicle and administrative overhead costs to this new organization to allow BLONGA to offer on-going support to its members and to local grassroots development organizations in the areas of project design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation.

Center for the International Development and Environment (CIDE)

1209 New York Avenue, NW

Washington, DC 20006

CIDE is a center of the World Resources Institute. It works at the field level to promote sustainable development, which meets human needs without destroying the natural resource base and which reflects people's cultural and social values. CIDE's work emphasizes technical support, institution strengthening, and policy advice for developing-country governments and NGOs.

1989

Community-Based Natural Resource Management

\$ 37,500

The objective of this project was to increase the number of environmentally-sound and sustainable development projects in rural areas. Working through SPONG, the major NGO consortium in Burkina Faso, CIDE has provided technical support training and financial resources to NGOs to carry out small-scale natural resource management projects with community groups.

Cooperative Artisanale du Liptako (COARLIP)

BP 71

Dori, Burkina Faso

COARLIP is a women's cooperative organization formed in 1982 to improve women's income through the production and marketing of traditional woven blankets. The women of COARLIP have as their overall goals the development and expansion of traditional handicrafts in the region, and improving the lives of their children by increasing their revenue of co-op members.

1990

Revolving Fund and Shop Construction

\$25,000

Funds to this weaving cooperative were designed to increase the income of members by allowing COARLIP to purchase in bulk primary products used in the manufacturing of blankets. Increases in the production and sale of its high quality traditional blankets has been promoted through the construction of a storeroom/shop for use by co-op members.

Cooperative de Production Artisanale-Femmes de Ouagadougou (COPAFO)

BP 4979

Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso

COPAFO was formed in 1984 by a group of 36 women artisans so that together they could overcome their production and marketing constraints.

1990

Introduction of New Weaving Technologies

\$ 20,860

This project provided the cooperative with funds to purchase 10 high quality looms and obtain technical training needed to successfully produce and market improved woven articles. Working with the Canadian VDO Desjardins, this grant also allowed COPAFO to produce samples and conduct market studies, begin production of both cloth and finished products, and recruit and expand training to new co-op members.

**Groupe de Recherche et d'Action pour un Développement Endogène de la Femme
Rurale du Burkina (GRADE-FRB)**

BP 3656

Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso

A Burkinabé women's development organization formed in 1984, GRADE's overall goal is to mobilize women's efforts, carry out concrete actions which will improve women's quality of life, and help them become more conscious of their potential.

1990

Nabigtenga Integrated Development Project

\$40,000

This grant was used to improve social and economic conditions through activities which help women earn income and improve their work conditions. Project components included project management and literacy training; installation of 2 wells with hand pumps; vegetable production for consumption and income earning; construction of a cereal bank; and the installation of a grain mill.

1991

Institutional Support

\$75,000

This grant provided GRADE-FRB with the institutional support necessary to continue its programs in the areas of food production and processing, credit and savings, and income-generating project management training for women.

INADES-Formation

BP 8 BP 1022

Abidjan 08, Cote d'Ivoire

INADES-Formation (African Institute for Economic and Social Development) is a regional African NGO headquartered at Abidjan, Côte d'Ivoire with other offices in Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Ethiopia, Kenya, Rwanda, Togo and Zaire. A training institute for the promotion of African development in the areas of agriculture, community development, and environmental protection, INADES offers correspondence courses and training workshops to educate extension workers and farmers. Particular efforts are made to include women in these activities.

1990

Léna Development and Training Program

\$49,490

This grant provided training and support for women's groups in small-enterprise development and allowed young farmers to develop sustainable agriculture methods and to reinvigorate their organization's structure. It also provided assistance to a group of herders to set-up a veterinary pharmacy to improve the health of their livestock.

International Catholic Child Bureau (ICCB)

65, rue de Lausanne

CH-1202

Geneva, Switzerland

This consortium works to promote primary health education for children by providing training and support to local groups.

1987

Child-to-Child Health Education Workshop

\$10,200

The workshop brought together key people from the health and education sectors as well as from youth and children's movements to finalize educational material and plan its distribution within the country.

Office de Développement des Eglises Evangéliques (ODE)

BP 108

Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso

ODE is the development arm of the Federation of Evangelical churches and missions (FEME) in Burkina Faso. It is one of the most well established local VDOs in Burkina Faso.

1986

Dam Construction at Mitieredougou

\$ 183,000

ODE worked with the local population to construct a dam in order to provide greater access to water for a population of approximately 25,000 people.

Promo Femmes/Développement Sport (PFDS)

BP 2532

Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso

PFDS was created in 1982, first as an association concerned with promoting sports among women and girls in Burkina Faso. As the government itself began programs to facilitate and encourage sports among women, PFDS shifted its focus to women's development needs and concerns.

1990

Water and Agricultural Production in Oufré

\$30,450

This grant was used by Tu Manegh-Ba, the Women's Association in Oufré, for the construction of a grain bank; the installation of a hand-pump equipped bore-hole well; and the installation of a milling machine. Training provided by PFDS in collaboration with Six-S, allowed the women to manage integrated development activities on their own. A small revolving fund, managed by the women's association with PFDS, will cover maintenance costs and allow additional projects to be initiated within the community.

Emergency Food Aid

\$45,950

This grant assisted Promo Femmes in assuring food security in Oufre, one of several villages severely affected by locust infestation and drought conditions. In collaboration with Tu-Maneghba, the village women's association, PFDS purchased 100,000 kg of millet to replenish food stocks and to prevent malnutrition in Oufre and neighboring villages.

1991

Institutional Support
\$50,000

This grant provided PFDS with the institutional support necessary to continue its work in the areas of famine relief, health education, literacy and project management training for women.

Sahel Solidarité

B.P.372

Secteur 11

Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso

Sahel Solidarité was created by an interdenominational group of Muslims, Catholics, and Protestants to provide relief services to those affected by the 1973 drought. The organization has since carried out many development projects in a wide variety of sectors.

1988

Village Irrigation
\$ 37,300

This grant was used to drill wells in the villages of Rambo, Pourra, and Gourcy. Villagers were provided with training in sanitation, well maintenance, and market gardening, as well as literacy and numeracy.

Save The Children Federation (SCF/US)

54 Wilton Road

P.O.Box 950

Westport, CT 06881

Save the Children is a private, voluntary, non-sectarian community development organization founded in 1932. Save the Children programs aim to improve the quality of life for children, their families, and their communities through self-help development projects.

1985

Integrated Relief Program

\$ 240,000

This grant funded food production and storage, medical supplies, and transportation and logistics for drought-stricken Burkina Faso.

1986

Dry Season Farming at Dori

\$77,338

Funds were used for the intensification of dry season irrigated food production by village groups to promote food and the construction of wells and small dams. 1986

Dry Season Farming at Saponé

\$113,852

This grant was also used to promote food security and self-sufficiency through intensified irrigated agricultural production during the dry season.

1987

Training for Improved Nutrition and Maternal/Child Health Care

\$250,000

This program incorporated nutrition intervention, MCH care outreach activities, the prevention and early treatment of endemic diseases, immunization campaigns, and health education. Funds were used to train government and village-level health workers, as well as the general population, in health care interventions.

Secrétariat des Organisations Non-Gouvernementales (SPONG)

BP 131

Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso

SPONG represents the largest association of national and international non-governmental development organizations working in Burkina Faso. SPONG works to promote and facilitate collaboration and coordinated action between members and serves as an important point of contact between VDOs, the government, and bi-lateral and multi-lateral donors.

1990

NGO Training

\$ 17,000

This grant is helping SPONG set up a series of training sessions on project development and proposal writing for local NGOs and other development organizations in Burkina.

SOS-Sahel International/Burkina Faso

B.P.1170

Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso

SOS-Sahel International was organized in Dakar, Senegal in 1977, and has member organizations in most of the Sahelian countries. Members established a network for financial assistance and technological cooperation with Great Britain, France, Luxembourg, Belgium, and Italy. Each African SOS-Sahel is autonomous.

1988

Food Production

\$ 26,583

This grant was provided to help to develop a five-hectare market garden in Baraogoa village. Approximately 60 women participated in producing, harvesting, and selling garden crops.

Union des Fédérations des Groupements “NAAM” (Groupements Naam)

B.P.100

Ouahigouya, Burkina Faso

Groupements Naam, organized in 1967, is made up of more than 2,000 groups and involves at least one-half million people. Groupements Naam utilizes training methods based upon the traditional concepts and techniques of the ethnic groups involved. Community organizing and training projects are rooted in local priorities, and are implemented by local groups with assistance, when needed, from the central organization.

1986

Integrated Development at Yatenga

\$141,128

These funds helped to implement a food production program in the areas of Ouahigouya and Gourcy, Yatenga Province which benefited approximately 175,000 people. Program activities

were in small scale irrigation, vegetable garden production and intensive animal husbandry to improve food availability at the village level.

1988

Block Grant to Groupements Naam/Six-S

\$200,000

Objectives of this grant were to enhance the abilities of this development network to support projects which respond to the needs and priorities expressed by local people, and to promote community organization activities that encourage independence and self-sufficiency at the grassroots level.

1988

Dam Construction

\$ 250,000

Funds were used for the construction of a dam and related community development activities. These included Feracy and numeracy training, anti-erosion and tree replanting techniques, and improved agricultural methods for residents of the Gourcy area.

Unitarian Universalist Service Committee (UUSC)

78 Beacon Street

Boston, MA 02108-3497

The UUSC is a non-sectarian, non-profit membership organization founded in 1939 and dedicated to enhancing the economic, social, civil and political rights of people throughout the and material and financial support to Africa.

1986

Training of Medical Personnel

\$ 54,000

This project was a collaborative effort of UUSC and two local grassroots groups, Association Vive le Paysan and the Parents' Association of Kamboinse. The project improved the health status of two rural communities by providing training and strengthening the capabilities of local medical personnel.

United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)

Three United Nations Plaza
New York, NY 10017

UNICEF helps developing countries improve conditions of children and youth through assistance for community-based service in areas of primary health care, water supply, formal and non-formal education, nutrition, and emergency operations.

1985

Cholera Control

\$150,000 An estimated 200,000 people benefited from this cholera disease control program. The program was initiated in thirteen provinces in BurkinaFaso.

United Nations Development Program (UNDP)

One United Nations Plaza
Room DC1-2389
New York, NY 10017

UNDP is the world's largest grant development assistance organization, serving over 150 countries and territories.

1986

Logistical Support

\$50,000

These funds were used to purchase and cover the initial operating costs of two four-wheel drive diesel engine trucks.

World Relief

450 Gunderson Drive
P.O.Box WRC
Carol Stream, Illinois
Wheaton, IL 60187

World Relief, a non-profit relief organization founded in 1944, works to satisfy the identified needs of victims of disaster, oppression or chronic poverty; and of the needs of the members and participating churches and denominations.

1985

Food/Storage/Transportation

\$162,000

These funds were used for the construction of 10 cereal banks and the organization of 12 vegetable garden projects in drought-stricken Burkina Faso. The grant also enabled World Relief to purchase a transportation vehicle to enhance its overall capabilities.

1988

Cultivation of Shea Nuts, Ground Nuts in Sissili Province

\$73,040

Women's groups from 5 villages in Sissili province grow shea nuts, ground nuts and sesame. Oil presses and other appropriate technologies were introduced to save time and energy for women who use the nuts to produce oil, soap and butter for household use and for sale. The added income and access to these high-calorie foods are expected to improve the nutritional status of villagers.

CAMEROON

Family Health International (FHI)

One Triangle Drive

Research Triangle Park, NC 27709

Family Health International is an American NGO that has been working with the Malien Ministry of Public Health and the Malien Family Planning Association since 1979 to improve maternal and child health in Mali.

1987

Program among AIDS High-Risk Groups

\$ 63,447

This program was to develop an intervention model which would slow the transmission of HIV infection among urban prostitutes, a population at high risk of contracting and spreading the virus. It provided training to a certain number of prostitutes as health educators

whose tasks was to communicate to other prostitutes the risks and consequences of AIDS and to provide them with condoms and spermicides in order to prevent infection.

CHAD

Agency for Co-operation and Research in Development (ACORD)

Francis House, Francis Street
London SW1P 1DQ
United Kingdom

ACORD is an international consortium of European NGOs which provides support to local organizations and implements its own large-scale, long-term integrated development programs in Africa.

1986

Project Vehicle
\$17,000

A Land Rover vehicle was provided to an agriculture program set up to help solve problems of food security, declining purchasing power and agricultural input shortages. The project reached approximately five thousand people resettled in the regions of Bokoro and Guera.

Action Internationale Contre la Faim (AICF)

75001 Paris, France

AICF provides emergency relief and development assistance in the areas of community health, water development, training, and agricultural production.

1985

Parifet Agriculture Program
\$20,000

These funds contributed to the reforestation of the Mongo district in Guera Province and to the production and processing of oil from oil farms in Salamat Province.

1987

Micro-Realization Hydraulic Program

\$50,000

Funds were provided for an on-going project in community self-help training and water development in Guera, Batha and Salamat.

Africare

Washington, DC 20001

Africare assists in the human and economic development of African countries by developing water resources, increased food production, delivery of basic health services, and emergency assistance to refugees.

1985

Central Hospital Equipment Project

\$100,000

Funds were used to provide vital surgical equipment for the Central Hospital in N'Djamena which contains approximately 750 beds. The Central Hospital is the only medical facility in Chad where surgery can be performed.

1986

Gaoui Irrigated Agricultural Production

\$105,197 This grant was used to develop a reliable water system that is being used to reinforce food production, specifically for vegetable and cereal crops, in the village of Gaoui.

1986

Zinder Emergency Water Supply Project

\$151,656

This project supported vegetable and grain production in the village of Médikhiné by developing agricultural irrigation structures and assisting the village cooperative in the development of an effective financial management system.

American Red Cross

National Headquarters

17th and 'D' Street, NW
Washington, DC 20006

The American Red Cross works to strengthen national Red Cross and Red Crescent societies and to strengthen health and social infrastructures by providing technical assistance, training, and relief services. Its mission is to improve the quality of human life; to enhance self-reliance and concern for others; and to help people avoid, prepare for and cope with emergencies.

1985

Groundnut Seeds Project
\$186,000

These funds were used to improve and increase the cultivation of groundnuts through the use of selected seeds, manure and pesticides, and the development of mechanised cultivation.

Association de Cooperation Rurale en Afrique (ACRA)

20125 Milano

Via Martiri

Oscuri, Italy

ACRA is an Italian non-governmental development agency working in rural areas in Africa.

1987

Well Construction Program
\$100,000

These grant monies were used for the construction of wells in the Cantons of Koumra, Dobo, Djoli and Niellim.

Association Pour la Promotion des Initiatives Communautaires Africaine (APICA)

Sarh, Chad

APICA, created in 1980, operates in Cameroon, the Central African Republic, the Congo, and Chad. It encourages the development of village-level initiatives, and emphasizes cooperative development, appropriate technology, and information exchanges. APICA publishes a monthly magazine, *Communautés Africains*.

1988

Extension Training/Documentation Center

\$16,000

This grant was used to fund a training workshop for extension agents and for the development of a regional resource library. The workshop and the library are designed to promote the exchange of up-to-date information about agriculture, health, small-business and other development activities in southern Chad.

Association Rurale pour la Promotion Economique et Sociale (ARPES)

BP 827

N'Djamena, Chad

ARPES, a non-governmental cooperative association with over 450 members, was formed in 1981. Its goals are to improve its members' standard of living by creating employment, assisting them in gaining access to agricultural surplus, and improving the health of their livestock.

1990

Rehabilitation of Irrigated Rice Field

\$33,950

This grant was used to rehabilitate a 100 hectare field of land near the river in the village of Eré, and to provide the equipment and infrastructure necessary for irrigated rice production.

1990

Rice Production and Processing

\$42,300

This project constituted the second phase of an irrigated rice production project supported by USAFA in 1989. Grant funds were used to provide rice seed and agricultural inputs on a loan basis to farmers. Funds were also provided to transport rice grown and milled by the community to markets in N'Djamena.

CARE

660 First Avenue

New York, NY 10016

CARE's goal is to help the world's poor in their efforts to achieve long-term social and economic well-being, and to offer relief in times of crisis. CARE has maintained a strong operational presence in Chad since 1977.

1988

Water Education

\$182,000

CARE developed this project to train 60 health workers and 30 well-maintenance committees in the Moyen-Chari area of southern Chad. Trainees acquired skills to help them improve the health of approximately 12,500 Chadian villagers and refugees from the Central African Republic by reducing the incidence of malaria, diarrhea, and skin diseases in a region that lacked access to even the most rudimentary health care.

Centre de Développement Socio-Economique Communautaire (CEDESCO)

BP 59

Moissala, Chad

CEDESCO is the training unit attached to a 600 hectare fruit farm situated near the town of Moissal. The Center is run collectively by trainees sent by villages in the region. It cooperates closely with government agriculture and animal breeding departments in introducing improved farming techniques to the region's farmers.

1988

Documentation Center

\$9,500

This grant helped CEDESCO to construct a storehouse for agricultural supplies and to obtain oxen carts, seeders and other farm implements for use in its training programs.

Comité Baha'i de Service Humanitaire pour le Développement (CBSHD)

B.P.135 S/C Nasser

12 Rue de Commerce

Sarh, Chad 254 S/C

CBSHD was established in 1984 in response to the desperate situation created by war and famine. With limited resources many short-term projects have been undertaken by CBSHD, including the provision of first aid, free medical attention, food, clothing, seeds and health education.

1988

Community Health Development Program

\$44,000

This grant provided additional training and supplies to 76 health workers whose activities include preventive and curative health care, health education, sanitation, and the improvement of water supplies. In addition to training, funds provided the health workers with transportation (motor bikes and a truck), instructional materials, and supplies to establish village pharmacies.

INADES-Formation

B.P 945

Abidjan 08, Cote d'Ivoire

N'Djamena, Chad

INADES-Formation (African Institute for Economic and Social Development) is a regional African NGO headquartered at Abidjan, Côte d'Ivoire, with other offices in Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Ethiopia, Kenya, Rwanda, Togo and Zaire. A training institute for the promotion of African development in the areas of agriculture, community development, and environmental protection, INADES offers correspondence courses and training workshops to educate extension workers and farmers. Particular efforts are made to include women in these activities. INADES opened its Chad office in 1978.

1988

Support to Extension Workers

\$73,000

This grant was to provide training and organizational support to the activities of INADES extension workers in 9 rural sites throughout Chad. These workers are actively involved in teaching, organizing discussion groups, setting-up demonstration plots, and coordinating a variety of grassroots development projects with local communities.

1988

Rural Women's Training Program

\$50,000 This project provided training programs to women in rural zones of the capital, N'Djamena, in a variety of areas, including collective management techniques, group organizing, marketing of produce and improved agricultural skills (production, livestock-raising, soil conservation and market gardening).

Organisation Nationale pour le Développement (DARNA)

BP 470

N'Djamena, Chad

DARNA, the National Organization for Development, is a Chadian VDO which promotes integrated rural development in different parts of the country.

1990

DARNA II

\$50,000

This grant was used to provide safe water for household use, the economic exploitation of gum arabique combined with a reforestation program to raise the income of community members, and support a women's program. This program provides training in nutrition and water sanitation and promotes the use of improved wood stoves to reduce ecological destruction and the workloads of rural women.

1990

Project Monitoring Vehicle

\$35,800

Grant funds enabled DARNA to purchase a suitable vehicle for its program needs, and to cover the costs of a driver/mechanic for one year. Program efficiency and responsiveness in DARNA's five project communities, previously reached with great difficulty, improved greatly with the purchase of this vehicle.

Oxfam (UK)

274 Banbury Road

Oxford OX2 7DZ

England

OXFAM, a British VDO based in Oxford, has considerable relief and development experience in Africa. In Chad, Oxfam has a special interest in assisting pastoral populations in arid areas.

1988

Support to Pastoral Associations

\$ 157,000

This project was jointly implemented with SECADEV, a local VDO working in the Sahelian region of Chad. Funds were used to conduct research into the practices of pastoralists and to establish 50 Pastoral Associations to improve stock-raising conditions. Support to the associations included organizational training and the establishment of a revolving loan fund to provide capital for the purchase of cattle, sheep, transport animals, equipment, and seeds. Funds also enabled SECADEV to gain management experience working with OXFAM administrators in the implementation of this project.

United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)

New York, NY 10017

UNICEF helps developing countries improve conditions of children and youth through assistance for community-based services in areas of primary health care, water supply, formal and non-formal education, nutrition, and emergency operations.

1986

Study and Micro-Diffusion of Improved Cook Stoves in N'Djamena

\$5,000

This grant was used to test improved wood stoves by providing them to a pilot group of 150 families in order to determine the type and quantity of fuel consumed and the manner of consumption.

United Nations Development Program (UNDP)

One United Nations Plaza

Room DC1-2389

New York, NY 10017

UNDP is the world's largest grant development assistance organization, serving over 150 countries and territories.

1985

Emergency Seed Distribution Program

\$150,000

The funds were used to purchase and store 150 tons of Berbere seeds which were distributed to the drought-affected population in Chad.

1986

Lére Bridgé

\$750,000

The funds were combined with funds from Band-Aid for the reconstruction of a concrete one-lane bridge over the Mayo Kebi River, reestablishing traffic and communication links between southwestern Chad and Cameroon.

Volunteers in Technical Assistance (VITA)

1815 North Lynn Street, Suite 200

P.O.Box 12438

Arlington, VA 22209-8438

VITA is a non-profit corporation which promotes technologies and business ideas that help people in developing countries make better use of local skills and resources.

1986

Land Management in Chad

\$124,645

Funds were used for the improvement of small to medium sized farm irrigation and land management techniques by creating a technical advisory capability for the VITA credit extension program in Chad. Technical assistance and surveying equipment were provided and a handbook on basic agricultural techniques was produced and distributed.

World Concern

19303 Fremont Avenue North

Seattle,WA 98133

World Concern acts as a funding and resource agency in the areas of relief, rehabilitation and development, and works to assist Third World countries to achieve self-sufficiency and economic independence through integrated community development.

1986

Beboto Health Clinic

\$5,000

This project assisted the local community in completing reconstruction of the area's sole health care clinic which was destroyed during Chad's civil war. The clinic serviced a population of 10,000 people from the surrounding areas of Beboto and had the only functioning delivery room in the area. A well was also constructed in support of the clinic.

1987

Béré Agricultural Extension Project

\$91,925

This grant was used to provide technical agricultural assistance through training to 45 extension agents to improve methods of agricultural production and to promote methods of appropriate agricultural technology.

1988

Grain Storage Project

\$19,600

Six granaries were constructed in Béré to decrease losses of stored grain caused by rodents and insects.

World Food Program (WFP)

426, Via Cristoforo Colombo

Rome, Italy 00145

WFP is responsible within the U.N. system for coordinating and providing food aid to countries facing famine and other catastrophes.

1985

Emergency Grain Transportation

\$500,000

Funds were used to transport 3,000 metric tons of maize and 2,000 metric tons of wheat from N'Djamena to Abéché. The transported food supplies were used to feed approximately 35,000 Chadian displaced persons returning from the Sudan, and to support food-for-work resettlement activities in the Waddai region.

World Neighbors, Inc.

5116 North Portland Avenue

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73112

World Neighbors establishes or assists self-help programs in developing nations in the areas of credit, cooperatives and enterprise development, food production and agriculture, public health, population activities and family planning.

1988

Guelendeng Integrated Community Development Program

\$96,148

While helping to reinforce local/ village structures and inter-communal relations this project was designed to increase accessibility to potable water and increase the variety and quantity of locally grown food stuffs.

World Vision

919 West Huntington Drive

Monrovia, CA 91016

Tel: 818-357-7979 Tlx: 67-5341

World Vision is a Christian non-profit organization working in the areas of childcare, community and leadership development, health, agricultural production, social welfare, and development education.

1985

Trucking Project

\$250,000

These funds were used to transport approximately 834 metric tons of com to approximately 23,000 displaced persons and vulnerble subsistence farmers in pockets of famine throughout southern Chad.

1985

Rice Seed Project

\$150,000

A total of 462 metric tons of seed rice was purchased and distributed to 11,700 families in the rice-growing areas of Tandjile, Mayo-Kebbi and Logones.

1986

Moyen Chari Agricultural Rehabilitation Project

\$100,940

This project provided agricultural tools, livestock and seeds for farm families who had been affected by eight years of drought

ETHIOPIA

Action Internationale Contre la Faim (AICF)

P.O. Box 2357

Addis Ababa, Ethiopia

AICF provides emergency relief and development assistance in the areas of community health, water development, training, and agricultural production.

1986

Health and Sanitation Development in Tigray and Eritrea

\$82,005

This grant was used to provide medical services to a rural population of 12,000 residing in a vast mountainous area. Services included immunization of 8,000 infants, children and mothers; and training for midwives and community health agents.

1989

Small Scale Water Supply in Eritrea

\$48,310

This project provided for the construction of 6 wells near Adi Kwala, Eritrea, bringing clean water to the households of Peasant Associations. In collaboration with local health committees, AICF has constructed health posts and conducted training for Traditional Birth Attendants and Community Health Assistants.

Africare

440 'R' Street, NW
Washington, DC 20001

Africare assists in the human and economic development of African countries by developing water resources, increased food production, delivery of basic health services, and emergency assistance to refugees.

1989

Ground Water Development in Eastern Shoa
\$49,000

This funding was used to insure clean, potable water supply for two rural communities of Yerer and Kereyu Awraja.

American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, Inc (AJDC)

711 3rd Avenue
New York, NY 10017

AJDC focuses on rural development activities, in agriculture, health, community animation and rural infrastructure development.

1986

Gondar Zuria Agricultural Rehabilitation Project
\$ 150,000

This grant was used to re-establish the productive capability of peasant growers by providing and distributing critical farming inputs such as seeds and tools.

American Red Cross

National Headquarters
17 & 'D' Street, NW,
Washington, DC 20006

The American Red Cross works to strengthen national Red Cross and Red Crescent societies and to strengthen health and social infrastructures by providing technical assistance, training, and relief services. Its mission of the American Red Cross is to improve the quality of human life and enhance self-reliance and concern for others. Also, to help people avoid, prepare for and cope with emergencies.

1986

Emergency Medical Kits Project
\$252,140

Funds provided emergency medical kits consisting of dispensary, pediatric, external use, dressing, minor surgery, injection, and perfusion sets to refugees from Ethiopia.

Canadian Physicians for Aid and Relief (CPAR)

64 Charles Street, East
Toronto, Ontario
Canada M4Y1T1

CPAR is a non-sectarian, humanitarian organization that provides direct medical relief and longterm health development assistance to drought-stricken areas of Africa. CPAR is a registered VDO in Ethiopia and a member of Christian Relief and Development Association.

1986

Emergency Medical Relief Program in Semada Woreda
\$160,300

This project was designed to establish a 9-month medical relief project in conjunction with Food for The Hungry International and the Ethiopian Ministry of Health based at Much Robit. The principal component of the project was a therapeutic in-patient feeding program.

1988

Integrated Primary Health Care Project
\$200,000

The purpose of this project was to strengthen the health care infrastructure and health activities run by the Ethiopian Ministry of Health and to create self-sustaining, community-based, primary health care programs in one of the most impoverished and inaccessible areas of Gondor Province.

Christian Relief and Development Association (CRDA)

P.O. Box 5674

Addis Ababa, Ethiopia

CRDA is an umbrella organization that coordinates the work of churches and VDOs, both international and national, in the fields of relief, rehabilitation and development. CRDA brings together a consortium of 76 churches, and voluntary agencies.

1985

Food Supplement Project

\$100,000

These funds were used to purchase and distribute 186 tons of Faffa and Dubee as a food supplement for other rations, and on-site feeding programs in Northern Shoa. Over 100,000 famine victims benefited from this project.

1986

Expanded Immunization Program

\$29,500

These funds were used to purchase ten health center refrigerators, five clinic refrigerators and two Toyota HiLux pick up trucks with builtin refrigerators for field camps in Ethiopia.

1986

Shoes for Children

\$ 15,000

This grant defrayed half the cost of shipping of almost one-half million dollars worth of donated shoes which were sent to children in refugee camps in Ethiopia.

1986

Garage Construction Project

\$822,636

These funds were used to construct a storage and vehicle repair facility, for use by members of the CRDA in Addis Ababa.

1990

Emergency Medical/Transportation

\$ 150,000

Funds were used to purchase medicines, and medical supplies for emergency assistance in Ethiopia, and to cover its cost of transportation.

1990

Printing Service Unit

\$76,000

This grant was for the purpose of setting up a printing service unit to assist CRDA and its 67 member organizations in preparing printed materials for their relief, rehabilitation and development programs.

Concern

1 Upper Camden Street

Dublin 2, Ireland

Concern is a non-denominational voluntary organization based in Ireland and founded in 1968. It is committed to relief assistance and long term development in the Third World.

1989

Ketto Integrated Rural Development Programme

\$50,000

This project's objective was assisting a rural women's association with groups in seven villages in Ketto, Wellega, by providing them with the means to produce traditional clothing for themselves and their families.

Direct Relief International

P.O. Box 30820

Santa Barbara, CA 93130-0820

Direct Relief International was founded in 1948. It provides disaster relief and assistance to refugees and provides communities with medical goods and services, as well as health education.

1986

Health Care Development

\$71,482

These funds were used for the expansion of indigenous primary health care services and diagnostic capabilities in rural health care centers. Pharmaceuticals were also provided for use in curative programs for infectious diseases among rural agriculturalists and herders in Eritrea and Tigray.

Emmanuel Baptist Church (EBC)

P.O.Box 30042

Addis Ababa, Ethiopia

EBC is an indigenous church founded in 1960 and is affiliated with the Baptist Bible Fellowship in Addis Ababa. EBC's goal is to assist and care for displaced children by providing for their basic needs, including skills training.

1990

Nazareth Children's Hope Center & Integrated Community Development

\$ 50,000

Funds are being used to develop a 120 hectare farm with the necessary infrastructure such as electricity, well water, canals. The land will also be used for food production, training of orphans and setting up of a demonstration site.

Eritrean Relief Committee, Inc. (ERC)

475 Riverside Drive, Room 769

New York, NY 10115

ERC is an indigenous VDO which works in Sudan and Eritrea and coordinates relief efforts and development projects.

1986

Medical Laboratory Facilities

\$ 80,000 These funds were used to establish a medical laboratory facility for diagnosing diseases, and a blood laboratory for testing blood and urine.

1987

Emergency Drugs and Medical Supplies

\$ 130,900

Funds were used for the purchase, transport and installation of an oxygen generating plant for medical services.

The Ethiopian Gemini Trust

P.O. Box 354

Addis Ababa, Ethiopia

Ethiopian Gemini Trust, founded in 1983, is an indigenous VDO that implements an integrated urban socio-economic development program for households of twins and triplets.

1990

Expanded Health and Nutrition Program

\$44,535

This program is designed to expand health and nutrition program for families with twins and triplets and to establish a cooperative shop.

Ethiopian National Association of the Blind

P.O.Box 30057

Addis Ababa, Ethiopia

ENATB is a welfare association and an advocacy group for the rights of the blind. It has been actively engaged in the education and rehabilitation of the blind for the last two decades.

1989

Debreberhan Soap Making Project

\$44,309

This grant was used to set up a soap making factory to provide income to members who are unable to see. The program also attempts to demonstrate the ability and productiveness of the blind.

Ethiopian Orthodox Church

P.O.Box 503

Addis Ababa, Ethiopia

The Ethiopian Orthodox Church established a "Development and Inter-Church Aid Commission" in 1971 in order to involve its members in development work. Its activities include relief and rehabilitation programs, refugee counseling services, and family and community development programs.

1988

Woldia Rehabilitation Project

\$ 125,942

This project was designed to assist 2,000 farm families attain self-sufficiency in food production by providing and distributing oxen, seeds and tools for agricultural rehabilitation.

Ethiopian Red Cross Society

Ras Desta Damtew Avenue

Addis Ababa, Ethiopia

The Ethiopian Red Cross Society, founded in 1935, is the largest indigenous VDO with over a million members. Its main goals are rendering relief assistance in times of war and other emergencies, promoting primary health care, and the training volunteers.

1989

Pastoralist Rehabilitation & Development Phase III

\$118,650 Funds were used to rehabilitate approximately 3,000 Afar pastoralists by increasing irrigated grazing and crop production.

Faith Mission Relief & Development Program

P.O.Box 796

Asmara, Ethiopia

Faith Mission is a long established church in the area, concentrating on the religious needs of local communities and congregations. It supports schools and orphanages, and also carries out relief work.

1989

Decamera-Azawu Masonry Dam Construction

\$ 162,567

The objective of this project was to provide the local communities at Decamera-Azawu with a reliable water source and to develop the horticultural potential of this community through the construction of a masonry dam with a spillway.

Family Guidance Association of Ethiopia

P.O.Box 5716

Addis Ababa, Ethiopia

The Family Guidance Association of Ethiopia is a non-governmental voluntary organization promoting family planning services to improve the health of mothers and their children.

1989

Support to the MCH/FP Training Program

\$ 26,240

This project provided the organization with office equipment and materials needed to operate their program more efficiently.

Food for the Hungry International (FHI)

International Coordination Center

108, Route de Suisse

1290 Versoix Geneva, Switzerland

FHI supports disaster victims and refugees by establishing relief and rehabilitation programs in Africa.

1986

Water Development/Rehabilitation Program in Ethiopia

\$150,000

This grant was used to provide accessible clean drinking water to the Enemore people and their animals by constructing boreholes and protecting surface springs from contamination.

1988

Chebo and Gurage Water and Health Development Program

\$150,000

The objective of this project was to assist in the training and support of community-based health agents and traditional birth attendants to improve health conditions and practices in Ameya district.

International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC)

17th and 'D' Street, NW

Washington, DC 20006

ICRC is a Swiss-based private, independent humanitarian agency that provides assistance to victims of war in conflict areas.

1986

Emergency Medical Assistance Program

\$75,921

This project provided emergency medical supplies in Northern Ethiopia.

International Eye Foundation (IEF) and Helen Keller International (HKI)

7801 Norfolk Avenue

Bethesda, Maryland 20814

International Eye Foundation (IEF) is a U.S. based PVO committed to delivering eye care services. Helen Keller International is a U.S. NGO which provides services in eye health care and nutritional blindness in over 80 countries.

1986

Ethiopian Prevention of Blindness and Training Program

\$600,000

This program contributed towards the establishment of an appropriate and effective eye health system within the framework of the Ministry of Health's overall health care system. Vitamin A capsules were provided to children under the age of 15 in order to prevent nutritional blindness, and tetracycline eye ointment was also provided for the treatment of trachoma cases.

Lay Volunteers International Association (LVIA)

Corso 4 Novembre

I-12100 Cuneo

Italy

LVIA was founded in 1967 in Cuneo, Italy based upon the spirit of the encyclical letter 'Populorum Progressio'. Its volunteers donate a 2 years of service in 10 African countries to show their solidarity with the poorer people in these societies.

1989

Irrigation of Re-afforestation and Horticultural Peasants' Nurseries

\$29,535

This project was designed to set up small scale irrigation systems for 6 reforestation and horticulture nurseries in northern Ethiopia.

Mennonite Economic Development Associates-Ethiopia (MEDAE)

Addis Ababa, Ethiopia

MEDAE is an indigenous VDO which is dedicated to the development of new technologies to bring improvements in people's daily lives.

1987

Afforestation at Harawe in Bale

\$80,000

This grant was used to implement an afforestation program for purposes of agro-forestry and soil conservation and the provision of wood lots.

1988

Mitad Appropriate Technology Project

\$ 50,000 This grant's purpose was to decrease people's dependency on wood which is in short supply and very expensive. Part of the program was to motivate a change in the habits of the people from wood to lower cost electricity.

Operation Handicap International

Lyon, France

Operation Handicap is a French VDO specializing in training local people in appropriate technology for the care of the disabled.

1990

Support to Community-Based Rehabilitation

\$35,000

Funds were used to purchase a vehicle to enhance the mobility of agency personnel in and around Somali refugee camps in Ethiopia.

Oxfam America

115 Broadway

Boston, MA

Oxfam America is an autonomous development agency that promotes self-reliant, participatory development among poor people by supporting their own efforts to gain more control over resources and decisions that affect their lives. Oxfam America also provides emergency relief assistance to selected countries, and conducts public education campaigns in the U.S. about the causes, challenges, and solutions regarding underdevelopment and hunger.

1988

Land Management in Were Ilu

\$ 50,000

This project aimed to improve crop production by introducing a modified traditional plow which permitted increased drainage of the planting area through the creation of broad beds. This project was developed by the International Livestock Center for Africa (ILCA), in cooperation with the Ministry of Agriculture.

1991

Women Weavers Workshop

\$14,976

This grant permitted Oxfam America to support the efforts of Integrated Holistic Approach Development Project (IHA-UDP), an NGO affiliated with the Emmanuel Baptist Church of Ethiopia. This project's goal was to provide employment opportunities for women weavers through the construction of a garment-making facility. Profits earned from garment-making activities have been used to support other non-income generating aspects of this integrated project, i.e., health care, housing and sanitation.

Grinding Mills for Relief Food in Tigray Province

\$70,510

This grant made it possible for Oxfam America to provide The Relief Society of Tigray (REST) with one large capacity grinding mill, three smaller capacity mills as well as spare parts and shipping costs. These mills directly benefitted poor farming families who, in the face of severe drought and a prolonged civil war, have become dependent on food aid.

Development Assistance to Habero Farmers

\$62,000

This grant helped Oxfam America to work with the Eritrean Relief Association (ERA) and other local organizations to enable peasant farmers in Habero district to regain their livelihood after years of war, drought and famine. USA for Africa funds provided farmers with seed, oxen, agricultural tools and training

Oxfam UK

Oxford, England

Oxfam, a British VDO based in Oxford, has considerable relief and development experience in Africa. In Chad, Oxfam has a special interest in assisting pastoral populations in arid areas.

1988

Wello Relief Transport Operation Workshop

\$620,654

Project funds helped maintain an existing trucking operation to ensure transport vehicle readiness to deliver food and supply transportation programs from Dessie in the Wello Region. I involved a fleet of 28 vehicles and was operated in cooperation with Save the Children/UK and the Relief and Rehabilitation Commission of Ethiopia. Hear 'n Aid provided \$200,000 towards this grant.

Relief and Rehabilitation Commission (RRC)

P.O.Box 5686

Addis Ababa, Ethiopia

RRC is a government unit that coordinates relief efforts and assists disaster victims and the displaced populations in Ethiopia.

1986

Small Grinding Mills

\$296,199

Funds were used to purchase grinding mills for drought affected people from Wello and Tigray Administrative Regions.

Save the Children Federation (SCF/US)

54 Wilton Road

P.O. Box 950

Westport, CT 06881

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Save the Children is a private, voluntary, non-sectarian community development organization founded in 1932. Save the Children programs aim to improve the quality of life for children, their families, and their communities through self-help development projects.

1986

Street Children's Project

\$ 150,000

This grant was used to alleviate the harsh living conditions of street children in Addis Ababa. It provided washing facilities, first aid and basic health services and a central meeting place for children to gather. The center, a vocational training site, allowed children to participate in regular counseling sessions and to obtain basic literacy /numeracy skills.

1987

Primary Health Development Training Program

\$300,000

This program was to strengthen the district health infrastructure by providing primary health care services and by increasing intersectoral collaboration between health, water, agriculture, cottage industries and education.

Surgical Care to Children of the World (SACOW)

195 North Village Avenue

Rockville Centre, NY 11570

SACOW, a US based non-profit organization, has been working with Gondar College in Ethiopia for a number of years. They are collaborating with Case Western Reserve University and the Ministry of Health to implement an immunization campaign program.

1989

Meningitis Immunization Campaign

\$34,870

This project aimed to utilize existing resources to immunize a population of 250,000 against an outbreak of meningitis in Northern Ethiopia. These resources included the deployment of medical, nursing and sanitation students from the local Medical College to implement vaccine distribution and delivery to local residents, and the provision of vaccines and immunization equipment by UNICEF.

TreePeople

Beverly Hills, CA 90210

TreePeople is a Los Angeles based voluntary organization that promotes tree planting in the US and, more recently, in Africa. It airlifted and planted over 5,000 three-year-old fruit trees in Ethiopia, Kenya, Tanzania and Cameroon in the summer of 1986.

1989

African Fruit Tree Partnership Program

\$ 30,040

In partnership with VDOs based in Ethiopia, Kenya, Tanzania and Cameroon, TreePeople offered guidance to 14 villages in fruit utilization and fruit tree master plans by making field visits and providing essential supplies and modest grants.

Unitarian Universalist Service Committee (UUSC)

78 Beacon Street

Boston, MA 02108

The Unitarian Universalist Service Committee is a non-sectarian, non-profit membership organization founded in 1939 and dedicated to enhancing the economic, social, civil and political rights of people throughout the world.

1986

Eritrean Public Health Project

\$128,000

This project established ten community health service centers and a district health station. In addition, a four-wheel drive vehicle was purchased, and support was provided for field staff working with drought victims and displaced persons in Eritrea.

United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)

Three United Nations Plaza

New York, NY 10017

UNICEF helps developing countries improve the condition of children and youth through assistance for community-based service in areas of primary health care, water supply, formal and non-formal education, nutrition, and emergency operations.

1986

Emergency Medical Kits

\$ 328,304

This grant helped with the provision and transportation of essential drugs distributed through VDOs and church groups which were in a position to provide medical services. Over 140 emergency medical kits were purchased and shipped with these funds.

United Nations Office of Emergency Operations in Africa (UNOEOA)

One United Nations Plaza

Room DC1-2389

New York, NY 10017

OEOA, was a temporary special temporary unit established by the UN Secretary General. Its role was to facilitate inter-agency cooperation and provide the basis for a concerted international response to the emergency in Africa.

1985

Grain Bagging

\$100,000

The grant helped cover the cost of bagging several hundred tons of grain which were air-dropped in an emergency operation in Ethiopia.

1987

Polish Helicopters Squadron

\$450,000

Funds were provided to help transport food, medical teams and medical supplies by helicopter to relief operations in remote areas of Ethiopia.

Transport Operation In Ethiopia (WTOE)

P.O.Box 60044

ECA Building

Addis Ababa, Ethiopia

WTOE, headquartered in Addis Ababa, was created in 1985 for the purpose of increasing food delivery to the drought-affected regions in Ethiopia, and to manage the U.N. transport fleet in the country. WTOE is a major relief food carrier in Ethiopia.

1985

Port Improvement Project

\$539,964

This project was funded to improve port facilities at Port Assab. This included the purchase of 2,900 fiberglass pallets; training support for a International Labor Organizationspecialists in food handling and the purchase of flatbed trailers and two mobile cranes.

1986

Transportation Operation

\$113,795

These funds were used to purchase radio equipment for a fleet of 116 tractor-trailers with a monthly distribution capacity of 13,285 tons. Weekly runs were made from Assab to Wollo, Tigre, Gondor and Northern Shoa. Drivers and heavy equipment operators were also provided with training under this project.

THE GAMBIA

African Development Bank (ADB)

01 B.P.1387

Abidjan, Cote d'Ivoire

The ADB is the largest indigenous multinational finance institution in Africa. Its central purpose includes financing projects that promote Africa's long term development. Co-financing of selected ADB projects through USA for Africa grants reduced countries' debt exposure on these projects and freed up ADB funds for additional projects.

1987

Jahaly-Pacharr Small Holder Project

\$550,000

This grant provided assistance to women involved in a large irrigated rice cultivation scheme in the Jahaly-Pacharr region of The Gambia. Day care were built and equiped, and donkey carts and rice threshers were provided to women's groups to help them take better advantage of this large government sponsored development project.

The Association of Non-Governmental Organizations (TANGO)

P.O.Box PM3
Banjul, Gambia

TANGO was formed in 1984 in response to a growing need to coordinate NGO activity in TheGambia.TANGO currently has over 20 members, and has sponsored a number of workshops and training sessions, including a major workshop on NGO/Government collaboration.TANGO produces a quarterly newsletter of NGO activities, and its membership is represented on various inter-agency task forces.

1989

Tesito Program
\$50,000

Funding provided institutional support to TANGO for the establishment of its Secretariat and training sessions of interest to its members. Funds were also earmarked to facilitate the formation and growth of new local NGOs through technical and fundraising assistance, and to provide a framework for fostering collaborative relationships among NGOs and between NGOs and the Government.

KENYA

Samburu Aid in Africa (SAIDIA)

P.O. Box 48700
Nairobi, Kenya

SAIDIA is a small indigenous VDO organized by volunteers to promote community oriented development in Northern Kenya with an initial focus on health.

1987

Water Supply and Health Care Project
\$150,000

Funds were used to provide sufficient water supply in Ngilai and Lesirikan districts in order to introduce agroforestry,semi-arid crops,animal husbandry and the provision of community

health services to the area. This grant was made by USAID and administered by USA for Africa.

Inter-Africa Group (IAG)

P.O. Box 68145

Nairobi, Kenya

IAG is an indigenous NGO staffed by citizens from Kenya, Ethiopia, Sudan, and Somalia whose goals are to provide both the physical and institutional needs of the poor in the Horn of Africa region. IAG takes an integrated approach to development and serves as a resource for NGOs in the region in the areas of technical assistance and funding information. In recognition of its important role in the Horn, IAG was nominated as a member of the World Bank NGO committee and is an official participant of the 1990 Alan Shawn Feinstein World Hunger Award.

1991

Emergency Rehabilitation Program in the Horn of Africa

\$91,850

USA for Africa funds helped IAG to implement an integrated emergency rehabilitation program to assist famine and war victims in the rural areas of Southern Sudan, Ethiopia and Somalia. Program components included rehabilitation of water sources, primary health care, nutrition, housing, and training of NGO staff.

MALI

Agency for Co-operation and Research in Development (ACORD)

Francis House, Francis Street,

London SW1P 1DQ,

United Kingdom

ACORD is an international consortium of European NGOs which provides support to local organizations and implements its own large-scale, long-term integrated development programs in Africa.

1988

Pastoral Redevelopment

\$41,750

Funds provided through Oxfam-U.K., contributed to ACORD's on-going program emphasizing long-term survival strategies for pastoralists hard-hit by drought. Working with local cooperatives, the program promoted the cultivation of animal fodder and small dairy production units managed by individual co-ops, and supported the reconstitution of small livestock herds for neediest co-op members.

African Development Bank (ADB)

01 B.P.1387

Abidjan, Cote d'Ivoire

The ADB is the largest indigenous multinational finance institution in Africa. Its central purpose includes financing projects that promote Africa's long term development. Co-financing of selected ADB projects through USA for Africa grants reduced countries' debt exposure on these projects and freed up ADB funds for additional projects.

1987

Sélengué Fishing Project

\$ 300,000

Following the construction of a dam and the creation of a lake at Sélengué, efforts were made to facilitate the development of a local fishing industry in the region. Funds were used to equip fisherman with nets and approximately 80 boats and outboard motors. In addition, an ice production plan was set up, and a 3 ton truck was purchased to help with the transport and marketing of fish.

AFRICARE

Washington, DC 20001

Africare assists in the human and economic development of African countries by developing water resources, increased food production, delivery of basic health services, and emergency assistance to refugees. 1985

Food Production Project

\$310,000

These funds were used to expand an irrigation system for the benefit of approximately 5,500 people. Better and increased irrigation allowed communities to double the number of harvests to two per year.

1985

Goundam Dispensary Construction

\$83,000

The people of Goundam Circle benefitted from these funds through the construction of two dispensaries and the procurement of medical equipment, medications and supplies.

1986

Goundam Well Construction

\$70,000

This project constructed cement-lined wells in 17 villages in Goundam Circle to provide drinking water to populations deprived of sufficient quantities of potable drinking water.

1986

Ganganiberi Agricultural Cooperative

\$73,172

Funds were used to promote increased production of wheat, millet, sorghum, rice and leguminous crops. The increase was accomplished through an upgrading and extension of irrigation systems, along with improvements in water management and the technical methods of cooperative members.

American Friends Service Committee (AFSC)

1501 Cherry Street

Philadelphia, PA 19102

Founded in 1917, AFSC promotes self-help and independence, and works to improve people's physical, economic and social well-being. AFSC works out of a Quaker concern for reconciliation and the relief of suffering.

1986

Women's Garden Project

\$49,114

This project was implemented by AFSC's Malian partner, FEDEV/AED. It increased production in 11 existing women's gardens through the construction of improved wells and a canal system to improve water use. In addition to increasing family nutrition by increasing the consumption of garden produce, and providing income generating possibilities for rural women, the project also sought to improve long-term capacities to garden in times of drought and increase technical capacities of local well diggers and masons.

1986

Mali Nomad Program

\$73,000

This grant contributed to AFSC's long-term Nomad assistance program in the region and was used for the construction of reinforced concrete floodgates and earthen dikes along the Tassankant arm of the Niger River.

Association des Artisans de la Commune II

BP 1502

Bamako,Mali

The Artisans' Association was formed in 1985 and is made up of some 130 artisans, 396 apprentices, and their families. An association of informal sector mechanics, masons,electricians,carpenters, painters, metal workers, etc..., this organization exists to promote solidarity and mutual support among its members.

1990

Artisans Capitalization Project

\$50,000

This grant was used to set up a "revolving fund" of capital goods to ensure artisans'access to primary materials and basic production tools and equipment to improve their production and increase the value of their labor. Funds also helped the association to set up a research, orientation and methodology unit to help individual artisans in micro-entreprise development.

Association Pour le Développement des Activités de Production et de Formation (ADAF-GALLE)

Bamako, Mali

ADAF-GALLE is a newly created Malian NGO founded primarily by and for women. It works in the areas of water and food production, animal husbandry, credit and income generation.

1990

Integrated Development for Women

\$49,000

This project assisted women's groups and youth in 2 villages to improve and expand their irrigated vegetable and rice production, to reduce their workload and increase productivity through the introduction of food processing machines and child care centers, and to improve mother-child health.

Association d'Entreaide et de Développement (AED)

B.P. 153

Bamako, Mali

AED, formerly known as FEDEV, is a Malian voluntary development organization which seeks to aid local rural and semi-urban women's grassroots organizations. AED works with community groups to organize development projects in the areas of agricultural production, health and nutrition, income-generation, training, and exchange programs.

1988

Well Construction and Training Project

\$56,000

This grant contributed to the organization's on-going work by providing 47 pumps for 19 garden wells in order to assure availability of water for women's marketgardens. AED provided training to some 60 villagers in the use and maintenance of pumps to assist them to work towards self-sufficiency.

1991

Leadership Training Manual

\$2,500

USA for Africa funds provided in 1989 through World Education, Inc., allowed members of AED and other Malian women's organizations to participate in an innovative series of exchange visits with a well-established women's organization in Kenya, Tototo Home Industries. This grant contributed to the adaptation and development of a Leadership Training manual for Malian women who play key roles in grassroots community development. The manual was published in French and in local languages.

Projet de Sante et de Planification Familiale de Katibougou de CEFDAP

Projet de Sante et de Planification Familiale de Katibougou
Katibougou, Koulikoro

Begun in 1985, the CEDPA Katibougou Family Health Project was financed by the Washington, D.C.-based Center for Development and Population Activities (CEDPA). CEDPA is a non-profit management training organization dedicated to improving the skills of Third World managers of health, population and development programs.

1990

Katibougou Family Health Project
\$10,000

This grant provided for the initiation of income-generating activities in order to support the work of fifty-four family planning/health agents in nine villages. These agents have been trained and organized into a network through the efforts of a Malian health department nurse in charge of CEFDAP activities in Katibougou. Oxfam America acted as fiscal receiver for this project.

Association Kilabo

Rue Leipzig/V. Feu Col. Sekou Touré
Bamako, Mali

Association Kilabo was formed during the drought of 1984 as an effort by a group of young, educated Malians to respond to the crisis. Kilabo began with a series of small scale agricultural projects and training programs in health and nutrition in villages near Bamako. The micro-projects introduced the members of Kilabo to villagers and demonstrated the Association's ability to successfully work with communities to administer rural programs.

1988

Rabbit Raising and Sweet Potato Production

\$ 15,778

Funds were used to provide resources and management and technical training to the villagers of Nieniebougou, 41 Km from Bamako, in sweet potato production and in the care and raising of rabbits. Sweet potatoes are used both to nourish the villagers and to feed the rabbits. Excess sweet potatoes are sold in local markets, and a "rabbit revolving loan fund" has successfully introduced rabbit raising in a number of surrounding villages.

1989

Institutional Support Grant

\$32,400

Faced with an increasing number of demands on its resources, Kilabo felt it was necessary to reinforce and stabilize its institutional structure. These funds allowed the association to assure a stipend for its Project Coordinator for two years, and to purchase and maintain a project vehicle in order to monitor programs and transport materials to project sites.

Association Languedocienne D'Aide Au Développement (ALAD)

12, Grande-Rue 30000

Nimes, France

ALAD is a non-profit agency established in France in 1985. Its goal is to sustain development projects in developing countries, specifically in West Africa.

1986

Agricultural and Health Development in Kalabanbougou

\$115,000

These funds were used to construct a three-classroom primary school building and a maternity and Mother/Child Health Centers in two communities. Funds were also used to help women at the village level to insure food self-sufficiency through the development of water resources.

Association Malienne pour l'Insertion Professionnelle des Jeunes (AMIPJ)

BP 3179
Bamako,Mali

AMIPJ is a voluntary development organization created in 1986 by Malian University graduates in response to the difficulties encountered in finding meaningful employment. The mission of the group is to put the skills of its members into community development through projects identified and developed by them and their communities.

1988

Musow Ka Yiriwa Program
\$50,000

Funds were used to support an integrated community development program which included the improvement of sanitary conditions, nutrition education, training of village women in agricultural and cooperatives management, reinforcement of solidarity among women around productive activities, and income generation.

1990

Sélegué Fishing Project
\$42,660

This grant was designed to provide fishing equipment, fish drying materials, and technical support to a well-organized but undercapitalized fishing cooperative near the Sélegué Dam in southern Mali.

Association Malienne de Recherche-Actions et de Développement (AMRAD)

B.P.1647
Bamako, Mali

AMRAD is an applied research and development agency which has initiated activities that include development training for teachers and villagers, irrigation and market gardening projects, and research in environmental and development issues. AMRAD presently serves as a consultant to the provincial government on environmental issues within the region of Timbuktu.

1988

Sheep-Herder Project
\$ 80,000

This grant helped revitalize livestock breeding and herding in order to combat rural exodus from the region around Niafunké. Herders were able to insure a ready supply of fodder through the cultivation of "bourgou" grasses. The project also introduced better animal breeding practices and provided literacy and numeracy training. Participants have learned to use and maintain a motorized irrigation system, as well as improved accounting and management techniques.

1989

Sheep-Herder Project (II)

\$22,000

This second grant to AMRAD's project provided fencing materials to protect the irrigated bourgou nurseries, and a motorized canoe to facilitate harvesting of mature bourgou grasses which are planted along the sides of the river Niger.

Association Tassaght

BP 32

Gao, Mali

Tassaght was created in 1985 and was the first Malian VDO to establish its headquarters in coordinating committee after discussion and approval by the General Assembly. Tassaght's goal is to raise the standard of living of rural populations while remaining respectful of their local traditions.

1990

Integrated Development

\$46,100

Association Tassaght used these funds to work with some 500 herdering families who were forced by drought to settle and adopt sedentary lifestyles. Project activities included efforts to improve the health of local animals, promoting vegetable and date palm production, the construction of cereal banks, and the provision of basic literacy and management skills training.

CARE

660 First Avenue

New York, NY 10016

CARE's goal is to help the world's poor in their efforts to achieve long-term health care social and economic well-being, and to offer relief in times of crisis.

1986

Macina Wells Project

\$148,960

This grant was used to improve living conditions of approximately 40,000 people and additional numbers of nomads by providing improved water supplies for drinking and other household purposes.

1988

Macina Well Construction and Training

\$ 100,000

Since 1982 CARE-Mali has undertaken four major water well construction projects. The problem of water supply remains acute, especially in Macina Cercle which is far from the Niger River and its canals. This project in central Mali improved the supply of potable water by constructing additional concrete wells and providing training to local residents in well construction and maintenance.

Comité de Coordination des Actions des ONG (CCA-ONG)

BP 1721

Bamako, Mali

CCA-ONG, an NGO consortium originally formed to coordinate emergency actions connected with the drought in 1983, now has 83 members and some 40 partners. Its basic role is to strengthen partnership and coordinated actions between members, and to serve as the major contact point for the NGO community with government, bilateral and multilateral agencies interested in grassroots development in Mali.

1990

Support to Information Unit

\$27,320

This project was designed to increase the Unit's capacity to visit and collect information about projects implemented by CCA-ONG members, to improve the quality of information in the Unit's widely distributed Information Bulletin, and to provide training programs in project development for members.

Support to Logistical Unit

\$38,500

This grant allowed CCA-ONG to purchase an additional project vehicle for its motor pool. These vehicles are rented out at reasonable rates to CCA-ONG members and partners, allowing groups which cannot afford to maintain sufficient equipment on their own to have access to project vehicles when they need them.

1991

Institutional Support

\$125,000

This grant assisted CCA-ONG in strengthening and improving its ongoing support services to Malian NGOs.

Family Health International

Research Triangle Park, NC 27709

Family Health International is an American VDO that has been working with the Malian Ministry of Public Health and the Malian Family Planning Association since 1979 to improve maternal and child health in Mali.

1987

Pilot Intervention Project to Slow the Spread of AIDS

\$62,150

This pilot project sought to develop effective educational strategies and to demonstrate the effectiveness of condom and spermicide use in preventing AIDS. The campaign focused on 160 prostitutes in Bamako in order to inform them of the risk for contracting and spreading AIDS and to motivate them to protect themselves and their clients. Surveys were conducted to determine HIV and seroconversion status. The results of the pilot project were to be used in designing prevention programs on a national level.

1985

Garage Repair Facility

\$440,000

Funds were used for the construction of a garage used during emergency relief operations by private voluntary and United Nations organizations in Gao, Mali for the repair of their vehicles.

Oeuvre Malienne d'Aide a l'Enfance du Sahel (OMAES)

B.P.2323

Bamako, Mali

OMAES was created in 1982 with the objective of promoting material and moral support to mothers and children of the Sahel. The organization promotes long-term development as a way of protecting the population against the effects of future droughts. The organization's activities have included immunization programs, health dispensaries, well construction, gardening projects and resettlement for displaced people.

1991

Missira Nomad Resettlement-Phase III

\$60,234

This grant supported the third and final phase of a long-term nomad resettlement project undertaken by OMAES in collaboration with UNAIS (United Nations Association/International Service). This phase was directed at further enhancing the resettled community's capacity to attain food self-sufficiency and generate income opportunities, and to complete the development of housing and health care infrastructures. This phase also sought to increase the ability of community leaders to manage their affairs independently of OMAES project staff through providing literacy, organizational and financial management training.

STOP-Sahel

s/c CCA-ONG

B.P. 1721

Bamako, Mali

STOP-Sahel is a Malian non-governmental development organization whose primary focus is on water resources development and working to overcome the erosion and depletion of Mali's natural resources.

1991

Balandougou Irrigated Development Project

\$5,000

This grant was used to support the continuation of the second phase of this project funded by USA for Africa in 1990. This phase of the project provided village leaders with training in project/water resource management.

United Nations Association/International Service (UNAIS)

B.P. 2119

Bamako Mali

Headquartered in London, UNAIS provides technical volunteers to developing countries to support programs in the areas of water development, primary health care, environmental conservation, income-generation, and sanitation. UNAIS also carries out development education work in the U.K. The agency has been working in Mali since 1979.

1991

Mopti Resettlement Program

\$5,000

This grant was used to support the continuation of this long-term nomad resettlement project funded by USA for Africa in 1987 and in 1990. Resettled families received training and support in rice and vegetable production and in improving their herds. The project also involved the construction of housing, a school and a market.

United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)

Three United Nations Plaza

New York, NY 10017

UNICEF helps developing countries improve conditions of children and youth through assistance for community-based service in areas of primary health care, water supply, formal and non-formal education, nutrition, and emergency operations.

1986

Food Supplementary Program

\$222,250

These funds provided food, logistical support, personnel, kitchen utensils, blankets and other essential materials for nutrition centers in the severely drought-affected regions of Mopti and Timbuktu.

University of Rochester, Department of Pediatrics

601 Elmwood Avenue

Rochester, NY 14642

A formal Sister City relationship between the cities of Bamako, Mali and Rochester, New York was established in 1975. Since then the Bamako-Rochester Sister Cities Committee has sponsored student exchanges, city delegate visits, medical assistance, and intercultural understanding.

1987

Emergency Assistance Project for Maternal Child Health Care

\$39,800

The purpose of this project was to enhance Bamako's maternal and child health care delivery systems by establishing stronger links between health educators and providers in Bamako and Rochester. Funds were used to implement a collaborative training workshop for the staff of six Maternal-Child Health Centers to improve health care for mothers and children in the City of Bamako.

Rochester-Bamako Maternal-Child Health Project

\$60,635

The Rochester-Bamako MCH Project is a collaborative preventive health care project in which health professionals in the 2 cities hold joint training sessions in nutrition and well-child care for the staffs of Bamako. These funds were used to continue an on-going program to strengthen vitally needed health care services for mothers and children in Bamako.

Vétérinaires sans Frontières (VSF)

BP 1660

Bamako, Mali

VSF, a French VDO which began working in Mali during the 1984 drought, concentrated on reinstituting methods for drying and conserving meat, and addressing the food needs of populations affected by the drought. Through their activities, VSF is able to engage breeders in more general discussions concerning sanitation practices, need for better slaughterhouses, and adequate vaccinations.

1987

Regeneration of Pastures

\$20,000

This grant was used to initiate pasture regeneration activities which centered on the production of fodder plants of bourgou beds which would nourish the cattle in the reconstituted herds. The project aimed to foster improved cattle rearing within the region and to promote an adequate use of the agropastoral range in the river area around Goundam and Timbuktu.

1988

Herd Rehabilitation

\$72,333

This project sought to reconstitute cattle in the region of Goundam through such interventions as pasture regeneration, water development (well digging and pond management), feed for cattle, the construction of an abattoir, vaccination parks, and veterinary pharmacies, and loans to stock-breeders to reconstitute herds decimated by drought.

World Education International (WEI)

210 Lincoln St.

Boston, MA

World Education provides training and technical assistance in nonformal education, with literacy, and health education. WEI works to strengthen the capacity of local public and private agencies in many parts of the world.

1989

Building Partnerships between African Women's Organizations

\$30,000

This exchange program provided opportunities for members and representatives of FEDEV/AED and other Malian women's associations to visit and learn from the experiences of Tototo Home Industries of Keyna. The Malian women were able to observe Tototo's work and structures, and assess its relevance to their own organization and the rural women groups they serve.

1990

Preparation of Training Materials

\$2,500

A small grant was provided to help cover the costs of having training materials which were developed through the partnership program translated into French for wider distribution among francophone African women's organizations. A member of FEDEV/AED from Mali assisted WEI in the preparation of these materials.

MARITANIA

CARE

660 First Avenue

New York, NY 10016

CARE's goal is to help the world's poor in their efforts to achieve long-term health care, social and economic well-being, and to offer relief in times of crisis.

1985

Food-For-Work Project

\$485,900 These funds were used to procure and install a large radio network communications system, as well as tools and equipment for a major food-for-work program.

Caritas-Mauritanie

BP 515

Nouakchott, Mauritania

Caritas is a national affiliate of Caritas International, and works to improve the living and human conditions of the most under-privileged. Affiliated locally with the Catholic Church, its objective is to provide a Church response to the problems of underdevelopment.

1986

Fleuve Valley Integrated Rural Development Project

\$53,425

This grant was used to install tube wells on agricultural land along the Senegal River, benefiting approximately 10,000 persons.

1990

Fence Making Project

\$23,200

Funds were used to set up six wire fence-making workshops around the country which helped adapt appropriate technologies and provided training and employment to machine operators. A "revolving fund" was established at each site to provide low-cost, locally manufactured wire fencing materials that allow farmers to protect their fields and reduce desertification.

Doulos Community

B.P.4949

Nouakchott, Mauritania

Doulos Community is an American solidarity and relief organization created to carry out relief and development work in Mauritania. Doulos currently operates a number of health education and growth monitoring centers in shantytowns surrounding Nouakchott.

1990

Community Health and Income Generation

\$ 30,000

Funding was used for the construction of a nutrition and health education center in a newly created shantytown outside the capital for job creation and income generation through debt and credit financing of 30 micro-enterprises.

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO)

Via delle Terme di Caracalla 00100

Rome, Italy

FAO works to raise levels of nutrition and standards of living, to improve production and distribution of food and agricultural products, and to better the conditions of rural populations.

1988

Agricultural and Water Development

\$70,000

This grant was used to purchase equipment and provide training for agricultural and water development in Sylla.

Helen Keller International (HKI)

15 West 16th Street

New York, NY 10011

Helen Keller International is a U.S. NGO which provides services in eye health care and nutritional blindness in over 80 countries.

1986

Program for the Control of Nutritional Blindness & Trachoma Among Children

\$ 266,650

This project assisted the government of Mauritania with the implementation of its National Blindness Prevention Program, specifically strengthening its activities relating to the control of trachoma and xerophthalmia. All services were carried out by government personnel.

International Labour Office (ILO)

Geneva, Switzerland

Founded in 1919 and now a member of the United Nations system, the ILO seeks to improve working and living conditions in member states.

1988

Agricultural and Water Development at Graret El Frass

\$62,682

This grant was used to rehabilitate a tube well by repairing the pumping system; to build an irrigation network through local popular participation; and to provide training in the proper use and maintenance of tube-wells.

Mauritania Red Crescent United Nations Development Program (UNDP)

P.O.Box 628

Lot K, 159-161, Route Comiche

Nouakchott, Mauritania

The Mauritania Red Crescent works to strengthen health and social infrastructures through training of health workers and teachers, providing primary health care, and conducting emergency relief work in times of disaster. UNDP is the world's largest grant development assistance organization.

1988

Grassroots Initiatives

\$100,000

This grant was combined with other funds to support the development of grassroots initiatives and local VDOs through the creation of a small-project support fund. It helped to integrate the concept of small projects into the government planning process and increased the collaboration among the government, international VDOs, and local and community groups.

Médecins Sans Frontières (MSF)

68, bd St-Marcel 75005

Paris, France

MSF provides assistance to refugees and displaced persons, and works in the areas of preventive and curative public health, health training, nutrition, hygiene and sanitation.

1987

Immunization Project

\$65,400

The objective of this project was to help the Mauritanian Immunization Program reduce mortality and morbidity due used to train Mauritanian personnel to work with mobile teams and to integrate these new activities into their on-going program. 1986

Nouakchott Workshop

\$40,800

This grant was used to support the Ministry of Health, UN agencies and other VDOs involved in health and development projects to produce locally manufactured health equipment that otherwise would have had to be imported.

National Orthopaedic Rehabilitation Center (CNORF)

S/C PNUD Rue Ambassade France

Nouakchott, Mauritania

CNORF is a semi-autonomous agency of the Mauritanian government established in 1984 which provides orthopaedic and physiotherapy services to the handicapped population in Mauritania.

1988

Regional Physiotherapy Program

\$77,946

This project, carried out in close collaboration with UNDP, aimed to extend orthopaedic services to rural populations in 9 centers throughout Mauritania. Trained physiotherapists at the National Center were used to establish diagnostic and rehabilitation outreach service, and a team of two physiotherapists from the CNORF in Nouakchott provided support and supervision on a regular basis.

Terre Des Hommes-Suisse

Rue du Maupas 49

Case Postale 388 CH-1000

Lausanne 9, Switzerland

Terre Des Hommes is a Swiss-based VDO which supports local initiatives primarily in the areas of health and water resources. The organization has operated in Mauritania since 1984.

1985

Medical Dispensary Project

\$65,000

These funds were used to help improve the existing structures of the medical center in Nouakchott. A fence was built to completely enclose the center, and equipment and installations for a small laboratory were improved to provide a regular supply of water and electricity to the center.

1988

Health Training Project

\$36,000

This project provided an intensive training program for health workers and fellowships for Mauritanian nationals wishing to attend a development worker training program in Douala, Cameroon. Funds were also used to recruit health workers for two years to work with the TDH staff at a local dispensary. 1990

Construction of Health Care Dispensary

\$18,500

Project funds were used to construct and equip a community health dispensary in a newly created "settlement" near the capital. The dispensary is part of a larger health program being carried out in the area by Terre des Hommes and UNICEF.

Union Nationale Des Handicapés Physiques et Mentaux (UNHPM)

B.P.583

Nouakchott Mauritania

UNHPMA is an indigenous VDO that represents handicapped people in Mauritania.

UNHPM has been involved in training programs in agriculture, income-generation projects for the deaf, literacy programs, as well as seminars, workshops and international exchanges.

1988

Training Program for the Handicapped

\$36,250

This project aimed to complete a national census of handicapped people in Mauritania, and to organize an agricultural training workshop and promote the development of agricultural cooperatives among the handicapped.

United Nations Development Program (UNDP)

One United Nations Plaza, Room DC1-2389

New York, NY 10017 Tel:212-906-6076 Fax:906-5365

UNDP promotes economic growth and improved standards of living by supporting projects in the world's largest grant development assistance organization, serving over 150 countries and territories.

1986

Water Project

\$450,000

These funds were used to supply potable water to the villages of MBagne and Bababe, in the Trarza region of Mauritania.

1990

Support to Women Tanners' Association

\$8,825

In order to improve the abysmal working conditions and raise income levels of traditional women leathertanners, funds were used to help improve the organization of the Tanner's Association and to provide basic tanning equipment and ready source of materials and supplies.

World Vision

919 W Nest Huntington Drive

Monrovia, CA 91016

World Vision is a Christian non-profit organization working in the areas of childcare, community and leadership development, health, agricultural production, social welfare, and development education.

1988

Health Project

\$18,200

This project increased community awareness of national preventive health programs through the production of culturally appropriate video, film and slide presentations.

MOZAMBIQUE

Africa Groups of Sweden-Recruitment Organization (ARO)

Barnangsgatan 23 S-11641

Stockholm, Sweden

ARO is a Swedish non-profit organization which supports health and education projects in several sub-Saharan African countries. It selects and trains Swedish volunteers to work in ARO projects.

1986

Rural Carpenters Tool Supply

\$150,000

This grant was used to supply selected rural carpenters with tool kits which significantly increased their production of materials needed by surrounding rural populations, such as doors and window frames, simple furniture, tool handles, etc.

Air Serv International

1745 Sessums Drive

Redlands, CA 92373

ASI's primary objective is to provide safe, dependable and cost effective air transportation and related aviation services to relief and development agencies in remote areas of the world. Its clientele includes VDOs, UN agencies, and multilateral and government agencies.

1988

Non-Commercial Air Service

\$205,000

These funds were used to purchase a used twin engine 8 passenger aircraft for use within Mozambique to provide air transport to international relief and development agencies and the Emergency Relief Department of the Mozambique Government.

BIOFORCE

17 Bd. des Belges 69006

Lyon, France

BIOFORCE, is a French VDO which assists in the rehabilitation of displaced populations. Its efforts are directed at promoting the recovery of production capacities in rural areas.

1986

Water and Electricity for Pambarra Center

\$67,500

This grant was used to collect and sanitize water from the Guvoro River for drinking and agricultural activities at the Regional Center for Rural Development, and to supply electricity to the center and the local community of Pambarra.

CARE

660 First Avenue

New York, NY 10016

CARE's goal is to help the world's poor in their efforts to achieve long-term health care, social and economic well-being, and to offer relief in times of crisis.

American Red Cross seeks to improve the quality of human life; to enhance self-reliance and concern for others; and to help people avoid, prepare for and cope with emergencies.

1985

Truck Fleeting Project

\$1,179,000

The three agencies named above collaborated on this large-scale support project to facilitate the movement of food within Mozambique. USAFA's funds were used to purchase radios for vehicles, forklift trucks, seven and twenty-ton trucks, tires, parts and 11,000 litre tanker trucks. These vehicles were used to transport approximately 100,000 metric tons of food to more than 600,000 people.

Christian Council of Mozambique (CCM)

C.P.108

Av. Ahmed Sekou Toure 1822

Maputo,Mozambique

CCM is a Mozambican,non-governmental,religious,humanitarian organization affiliated with the World Council of Churches.Originally involved primarily in emergency and relief efforts,the CCM has broadened its scope to include long-range development,training,and construction activities.

1990

Peri-Urban Mother and Child Health

\$49,650These funds were used to rehabilitate the Munhava Health Clinic's maternity wards. Activities included replacing basic delivery room equipment and furnishings; initiating a training program; and providing transportation for clinic staff to improve prenatal and postnatal home consultations.

Community Aid Abroad (CAA)

156 George Street

Fitzroy,Australia 3065

CAA supports grassroots development efforts, emphasizing active participation in planning and decision making by local communities, with the complete involvement of women. CAA uses local goods and simple technologies to help groups achieve self-sufficiency and economic viability.

1986

Inhambane Rural Development Project

\$138,900

Funds were used to help rebuild communities and resettle refugees in the Inhambane region. Productivity was increased through the provision of agricultural hand tools,seed,and storage facilities.

1989

Training Programmes in Water and Agriculture

\$ 180,560

These funds were used to improve the basic standard of living in a rural area near Inhambane City through an integrated approach to community health,agricultural production and the supply of adequate,clear water.

1990

Morrumbene Integrated Rural Development

\$ 50,000

This grant funded a new component of an existing project in Morrumbene, Inhambane Province. Funds improved the capacity of the local fishing industry through the construction of a small facility for repairing fishing boats, the purchase of equipment, and establishment of a fishermen's management association.

1990

Inhambane Green Zones

\$75,000

This project assists 2,000 farmers who have been living in refugee areas to re-establish themselves on farms in Inhambane Province. Re-settlement is done in cooperation with other NGO's and with the Department of Agriculture and the Provincial Department of Green Zones.

Comunhao Anglicana de Moçambique

C.P.120

Maputo, Mozambique

The Anglican Diocese of Libombos is actively engaged in long-term development projects and has provided the land for this cooperative farm. Through an ecumenical development committee the diocese supervises all aspects of the project, including evaluations and audits.

1988

Centro Anglicano de Chamanculo

\$53,000

This grant helped establish a farm for the production of maize, rice, vegetables and citrus for local markets, clinics, and schools. A tractor, harrow, and plough were purchased to increase crop production.

Development Aid from People to People (ADPP)

C.P.489

Ave.24 de Julho 909

Maputo, Mozambique

DAPP, a Danish organization, advocates a people to people approach. DAPP encourages the involvement of Scandinavian people in its development programs through requests for cash or in-kind donations, and by the recruitment of volunteers for its work in Angola,Mozambique,Tanzania,Zimbabwe,and Guinea Bissau.

1986

Technical School for Production and Management
\$150,000

This grant was used to support a rural vocational training school in Machava, a peri-urban area of Maputo. Support included the expansion of school facilities and the implementation of vocational training programs in agriculture,mechanics,carpentry,sewing,etc.

1990

Street Boys Schools
\$50,075

Funds helped equip 3 schools with educational materials and tools for vocational training, and provided clothing,meals, and transportation for students.

Eduardo Mondlane Foundation (EMF)

Rua G 212

Maputo, Mozambique

Eduardo Mondlane Foundation is a Dutch non-profit organization which is active in the Portuguese-speaking countries of Africa. It sponsors job training in the fields of agriculture,health, education, and industry. It also raises funds for small-scale projects and regularly disseminates information about Mozambique.

1986

Marracuene Integrated Production Project
\$129,000

This grant was used for a multi-purpose community development project to stimulate integrated production initiatives and to supply agricultural inputs.Technical training,rehabilitation of infra-structures and health posts,and support to small family industries were also sponsored to improve the standard of living in Marracuene District in Maputo Province.

1986

Manica Integrated Agricultural Production Project

\$69,615

Funding provided small farmers with tools and materials for the construction of storage facilities and small agricultural extension centers in Manica Province.

Eduardo Mondlane University Faculty of Medicine

C.P. 257

Maputo, Mozambique

EMU provides academic, technical and professional degrees. All university graduates must give as many years public service as time spent at the university. This medical school is the only medical education facility in Mozambique. The Faculty of Medicine administers the adjacent Maputo Central Hospital.

1990

Improvement of the Medical Education

\$ 156,303

This grant provides for enhancement of clinical experiences in the Departments of Internal and Community Medicine through the provision of additional teaching materials. Through exchange visits with United States medical school staff the Mondlane faculty is learning new teaching methods and curriculum development.

General Union of Cooperatives (UGC)

C.P.4488

Av. 25 de Setembro, No. 2780

Maputo, Mozambique

UGC, founded in 1984, is made up of some 210 cooperatives with more than 11,000 members, 95% of whom are women.

1990

Support to UGC Nurseries

\$51,190

UGC has established 25 nurseries to care of 1,500 children whose parents are Coop members. This grant funded payment of employee salaries and appropriate cost-of-living

adjustments,provided transport for nursery staft,and provided for the purchase of food, milk, and equipment.

Institute for Technology & Development (Technica)

3254 Adeline St.

Berkeley,California 94708

Technica recruits qualified technicians and professionals to provide technical assistance in,information systems,health care, education,agriculture, and computer technology in supportof development, social justice and the elimination of oppression in Southern Africa and Central America.

Mozambique Emergency Information Project

\$15,180

Funds were used to increase the accessibility of information about Mozambique both within the country andinternationally.Technica volunteers worked with Mozambique's Bureau of Public Information to computerize their information and publication systems. This computer system, the first installed in the Ministry of Information, is a model for future computer projects.

Institute for Transportation & Development Policy (ITDP)

P.O.Box 56538

Washington, D.C.20011

ITDP is a US-based non-profit organization which promotes the use of appropriate, low cost all-terrain bicycles in the Third World.

1990

Bikes for Africa

\$41,000

This grant provided 170 unassembled bicycles for women farmers and 30 for staff of the Department for thePrevention of National Calamities and Crises, and also trained them to assemble and maintain these vehicles.

Instituto Nacional de Planeamento Fisico (INPF)

Ave. Acordos de Lusaka 2115

Maputo, Mozambique

INPF is responsible for improving physical conditions which affect the quality of life of urban and peri-urban residents.

1988

Mozambique: Improved Latrines

\$222,500

Funds were used to expand existing projects to manufacture, install, and promote the use of latrines to reduce morbidity and mortality through environmental sanitation. Approximately 200 men and women cooperative members in Maputo, Beira, Quelimane, and Pemba were taught to produce latrine components and to construct latrines. They also received training in the management of small-scale enterprises.

KULIMA

C.P. 5504 Avenida Karl Marx #1452

Maputo, Mozambique

KULIMA is an indigenous organization which is stimulating intensive year-round agricultural production in Inhambane and Maxixe Provinces.

1989

Intensive agricultural production in the Green Zones

\$186,000

This project incorporates intensive agricultural activity and commercialization of produce with the introduction of a shade cloth cover over 20,000 square meters to permit growth of produce year-round. Displaced families have been given basic tools and are being trained in agriculture, hygiene and the installation of borehole wells and small drainage canals. Surplus produce is sold and the profits invested in community projects.

1991

Institutional Support

\$3,000

This grant supported the establishment of a data bank of Mozambican development workers to further KULIMA's effort to provide development training and information. Funds were used to purchase a computer and necessary equipment.

Marine Biological Station

C/O Faculty of Biology Eduardo Mondlane University CP 257

Maputo, Mozambique

The Marine Biological Station on Inhaca Island has been in existence since 1950. Initially it concentrated on ecological studies, it has since 1978 developed projects of direct importance to the population of the island.

1989

Crab Marketing for Fisher Women

\$22,500

The project's goal is to work with traditional fisher women in the development of a marketing strategy that allowed them to continue to earn their livelihood by catching and selling green mangrove crabs. The funds provided for the purchase and maintenance of a motorboat.

1990

Inhaca Island and Women Refugee Crab Fishers

\$5,000

This grant facilitated the continuation of efforts to develop marketing strategies for crab fisherwomen on Inhaca Island, many of whom are recent refugees. This project was first funded by USA for Africa in 1989.

Ministry of Health

Instituto Nacional de Saude Sector de Malaria C.P.264

Maputo, Mozambique

The Ministry of Health is a government agency which is responsible for the initiation and maintenance of health services.

1988

Malaria Control through Primary Health Care

\$241,474 This project aimed to reduce morbidity and mortality from malaria through primary health care services and to prevent the rapid spread of multiresistant malaria parasites in Mozambique. Their focus was through the rational use of antimalarial drugs, extension of

laboratory services, improved education of health personnel, and more rapid and efficient communication between the Malaria Unit of the Ministry and the provinces.

Mozambique Health Committee

University of Washington,
SC-37 3722, University Way #3
Seattle, WA 98195

The Mozambique Health Committee trains US health professionals to work in the Third World, primarily in Africa. Short courses and tutorials are offered to mid-level health providers and clinical updates are provided to nurses, midwives, and public health agents. This organization also develops increased awareness of Mozambique and its needs among US citizens, especially those living in and around Seattle, home of the University of Washington.

1988

Manica Emergency Assistance and Primary Health Care Development
\$223,358

Funding supplied critical materials for basic preventive and curative health care, and provided personnel to train primary health care professionals to render health care directly. This project provided opportunities for Americans and Mozambicans to work together in a grassroots campaign to rebuild the health infrastructure of Mozambique and to educate Americans regarding the rehabilitation and development needs of southern Africa.

1988

Use of Surgical Technicians to Expand Surgical Services
\$ 289,000

Grant funds helped the Ministry of Health provide a 2-year training program for surgical health workers. Surgical units were established in 15 rural hospitals, equipment and supplies were improved in 9 provincial and 4 rural hospitals, manuals were produced for surgeons practicing in rural hospitals, and a reporting system and a program for ongoing in-service education in the provincial and rural hospitals were established.

Mozambique Health Assessment Mission

Low Cardiovascular Group,

P.C.Richardson Fuller Building
221 Longwood Avenue
Boston, MA 02115

A delegation of American physicians, public health and government officials, organized by Dr. David Hodges, traveled to Mozambique in August of 1988 to evaluate the impact of the RENAMO guerrilla movement on the health care system of the country. The overall goal of the mission was to: identify the most critical health care needs for the Mozambican people, especially the children, and to structure recommendations for consideration by the U.S. Congress and other public and private entities.

1990

Mozambique Health Assessment Mission
\$3,000

USA for Africa funds focused on facilitating an increased awareness of the American people about the health care crisis in Mozambique and on helping to develop lasting ties between the American health care system and the Mozambican health care system.

Support for Training Conference
\$1,500

This contribution made it possible for the director of the main hospital in Beira, Mozambique, to attend The 38th Annual Association of Obstetricians and Gynecologists training conference in San Francisco. This conference provided the visiting physician valuable information on new techniques in the management of high risk pregnancy as well as current prenatal and perinatal management methods.

Uniao Geral das Cooperativas Agro-Pecuarias de Maputo (UGC)

Av. Agostinho Neto 714
Maputo, Mozambique

The UGC (General Union of Cooperatives) was established in 1982 to function as a support structure for rural farmers organized into cooperatives. The GUC has expanded to provide training in agriculture, home economics, environmental planning, literacy, health care, child care services, child care staff training and advocacy for farmers.

1991

Institutional Support

\$50,000

This grant allowed the UGC to purchase needed equipment for its schools and to strengthen its administrative and technical capacities.

National Council of Negro Women (NCNW)

1211 Connecticut Avenue,NW #702

Washington, DC 20036

NCNW was founded in 1935. The goals of its International Division are to enhance the participation of women in development through programs focused on increasing income-generating skills,training and education, and agricultural production.

1988

Agricultural Cooperatives Management&Training Center Project

\$200,000

This project was designed to increase the productivity of women's agrarian cooperatives through improving their efficiency in leadership and management. This project was implemented locally by the General Union of Cooperatives with assistance from the National Agrarian Training Center,which plans anddevelops curricula for different groups. Five hundred cooperative members from Maputo, Gaza and Inhambane provinces received training in management,accountancy,health,child care,agriculture,and adult education.

Organization of Mozambican Women (OMM)

C.P. 4015

Rua Pereira de Lagos, #147

Maputo,Mozambique

OMM is a party-affiliated organization which was founded in 1973. Its primary function is to mobilize,politicize and train women in order to integrate them into the process of national development.

1990

Grinding Mill for Reception Centers

\$54,560 Funds provided grinding mills and training for use by displaced women in reception centers located in 5 provinces. Mills greatly reduce the time and energy required to prepare food, and allow women more free time for child-rearing and income-generating activities.

Operation Handicap International

18 Rue de Gerland 69007

Lyon, France

Operation Handicap is a French VDO specializing in training local people in the field of appropriate technology for the care of the disabled.

1987

Prosthetic Workshop Program

\$51,405

This project established prosthetics and rehabilitation units in the provinces of Inhambane and Sofala. It provided training to Mozambican technicians in appropriate technologies for the manufacture of devices with local materials and decentralized the prosthetics and rehabilitation units to allow the disabled to be fitted more quickly.

Oxfam America

115 Broadway

Boston, MA 02116

Oxfam America is an autonomous development agency that promotes self-reliant, participatory development among poor people by supporting their own efforts to gain more control over resources and decisions that affect their lives. Oxfam America also provides emergency relief assistance to selected countries and conducts public education campaigns in the U.S. about the causes, challenges and solutions regarding underdevelopment and hunger.

1988

Ambulance Support for Health Centers

\$ 40,000

This project helped provide better health care for rural Mozambicans. Two ambulances and spare parts were purchased to transport difficult medical cases from the Magoe and the Mucumbura Health Centers to Tete Provincial Hospital or to hospitals in Zimbabwe. The Tete Provincial Health Department is responsible for maintaining the ambulances.

1988

Development and Recovery in Mozambique

\$ 375,000

This grant was made to enhance food security and to improve rural health care for local residents and displaced people in Magoe, Manica, and Tete. A variety of activities were undertaken with these funds, including the development of relief and long-term water supplies, staff training and the improvement of health facilities, the distribution of seeds and emergency medical supplies, and the establishment of a chicken aviary.

Save The Children Federation (SCF/US)

54 Wilton Road

P.O. Box 950

Westport, CT 06881

Save the Children is a private, voluntary, non-sectarian community development organization founded in 1932. Save the Children programs aim to improve the quality of life for children, their families, and their communities through self-help development projects.

1986

Primary Health Care Project

\$349,917

The purpose of this project was to decrease the infant and child mortality rate by 50% in the District of Xai-Xai, and to assist all parent in getting their children vaccinated against the major childhood diseases. The project also provided training for community health agents, and distributed chloroquine and vitamin A capsules.

United Nations Development Program (UNDP)

One UN Plaza

New York, NY 10017

UNDP promotes economic growth and improved standards of living by supporting projects in agriculture, health, housing, public administration, industry, trade and other fields. UNDP is the world's largest grant development assistance organization, serving over 150 countries and territories.

1986

Emergency Water Purification

\$20,000 This funding went toward the purchase of aluminium sulphate to purify the Beira water supply and help eliminate the health hazards associated with the consumption of contaminated water.

United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)

Three United Nations Plaza

New York, NY 10017

Assistance to community-based service in areas of primary health care, water supply, formal and non-formal education; nutrition and emergency operations.

1986

Emergency Vehicles Project

\$85,630

These funds were used to purchase ten Toyota Hi-Lux four-wheel drive pick-up trucks for use in government emergency assistance programs.

Emergency Vehicles Project (II)

\$145,200

These funds were used to purchase eight tractors with trailers and spare parts for seven districts in Tete province enabling the Department for the Prevention and Control of Natural Disasters (DPCCN) to distribute emergency aid to 342,000 people affected by drought.

NGO Water Supply Project

\$55,000

Funds provided support to on-going water projects in an attempt to solve some of the provinces' water needs. Re-establishing old wells and boring new ones within Manica, Maputo, and Inhambane provinces helped decentralize the operation and contribute to the maintenance of rural water supplies.

Emergency Fuel Supply

\$500,000

This grant provided two million litres of fuel which were used by the Department for the Prevention and Control of Natural Disasters to distribute emergency supplies in six Mozambican provinces--Tete,Manica,Sofala,Inhambane,Gaza,and Maputo.

United States Committee for UNICEF

333 East 38th Street

New York, New York 10016

US Committee for UNICEF is the fundraising unit of the United National Children's Fund in the United States. The major goal of UNICEF is to promote the survival, protection and development of vulnerable children and women throughout the world.

1990

Construction of Primary Schools

\$112,500

This project provides funds for constructing ten primary schools in Zambezia Province. Each school will accomodate 300 children in 2 large classrooms. Teachers are currently in training in UNCEf classes. Village residents will donate labor and local supplies valued at \$ 2,500 for each school.

NIGER

Africare

440 'R' Street, NW

Washington, DC 20001

Africare assists in the human and economic development of African countries by developing water resources, delivery of basic health services, increasing food production and offering emergency assistance to refugees.

1987

Strengthening and Reinforcing of Wells in Tanout

\$30,000

This project provided sources of potable water for the people of 8 villages by cleaning and deepening sand-affected wells.

Diffa Village Restoration & Rehabilitation

\$94,815

Funds were used to provide reliable water sources to irrigate 109 acres for agricultural production.

N'Garoua Village Restoration & Rehabilitation

\$39,230

This grant was used to promote recovery from drought by providing sufficient and reliable water supplies for increased agricultural production.

Gueskeron Village Restoration & Rehabilitation

\$48,360

This project provided two large diesel irrigation pumps and pump platforms for a joint Africare/Canadian project

Association des Puisatiers de la République du Niger (APRN)

B.P.12669

Niamey, Niger

APRN, the Association of Well-Diggers of the Republic of Niger, is one of the very few indigenous NGOs which exist in Niger. The Association specializes in well-digging and water projects, and have an excellent reputation for the thoroughness of their work.

1990

Fence-Making Project

\$48,000

Funding supported the extension of a major Fence Production Workshop which APRN has been operating successfully for two years. Wire stock was substantially increased and a welding unit added. Training and support to new technicians were provided for one year. The workshop provides funds for APRN projects, and substantially increases the amount of inexpensive, locally-produced, fencing material available to local farmers.

Association Francaise des Volontaires du Progrès (AFVP)

B.P.11468

Niamey, Niger

AFVP, a French VDO, has been working in Niger since 1964. It intervenes in sectors as diverse as agriculture, water development, and cooperative training.

1987

Diffa Well-Digger Training Program

\$80,000

This grant was used to support and expand the efforts of traditional well-diggers to make water available to their communities through the provision and maintenance of improved wells.

1988

Diffa Well-Digge Training Program

\$18,200 Funds provided additional support to an on-going training program for well-diggers in Eastern Niger.

1990

Support to Association Arlit

\$43,340

This grant was used to purchase a project vehicle for an AFVP volunteer working with a new indigenous development organization specializing in the development of wells and water systems.

CARE

660 First Avenue

New York, NY 10016

CARE's goal is to help the world's poor in their efforts to achieve long-term health care, social and economic well-being; and to offer relief in times of crisis.

1985

Transportation and Feeding Project

\$424,982

Through this grant CARE was able to purchase four trucks to make more timely deliveries of food to the population most seriously affected by drought. This grant also enabled CARE to purchase 4000 village health kits which were distributed to health workers and local midwives, and to provide 90,000 oral rehydration salt packets for Zinder Province.

1988

Timbuktu Rural Development Project

\$150,000

Grant funds helped provide a traditional food resource base for families impoverished by the drought through the establishment of a household animal husbandry program.

Small Tools Project

\$140,610

These funds were used to provide small tools and associated materials to approximately fifty food-for-work projects in remote, marginal villages throughout Niger.

Cooperative League of the USA (CLUSA)

C/O NCBA

1828 'L' St. N.W., Suite 1100

Washington, D.C. 20036

CLUSA is a Washington-based organization that has been providing assistance to cooperatives in developing countries since 1953. Established in Niger since 1985, CLUSA's primary objective has been to help revitalize the ailing cooperative movement in Niger.

1988

Support to Literacy Training

\$98,530

Funds helped staff and equip 122 literacy training centers for developing cooperatives throughout the country. Through basic literacy and math skills training, the introduction of cooperative management skills, and the provision of credit guarantees, CLUSA sought to develop the necessary infrastructure by which cooperatives could function independently.

Institute for the Study and Application of Integrated Development (ISAID)

132 Allan Street, Suite 5

Oakville, Ontario, Canada L6J 3NS

ISAID is a Canadian non-profit organization founded in 1975 with the objective of contributing to the permanent alleviation of hunger and malnutrition. It has been operating in Niger since 1977.

1987

Program of Support to Village Initiatives

\$57,000

This grant was used to assist villagers in carrying out activities which they had identified as priorities. Initiatives included dry season irrigated gardening, literacy and nutrition classes, well construction and tree planting.

International Labour Office (ILO)

Postale CH 1211

Geneva, Switzerland

Founded in 1919 and now a member of the United Nations system, the ILO seeks to improve working and living conditions in member states.

1988

Zinder Cereal Bank in Niger

\$155,200

This grant was used to help guarantee basic food security in the northern region of Zinder through the construction of a communal cereal bank.

Médecins Sans Frontières (MSF)

68,bd St-Marcel 75005

Paris, France

MSF provides assistance to refugees and displaced persons, and works in the areas of preventive and curative public health, health training, nutrition, hygiene and sanitation.

1986

Nutritional Strengthening in Niger

\$200,000

This program focused on reducing mortality and morbidity rates due to malnutrition in Tahoua and Maradiby providing practical training to Nigerian medical personnel.

1987

Education Centers in Niger

\$22,950

Project funds contributed to the construction of three community schools established to provide training to mothers in improving sanitary conditions and the use of local food for infants and children as a practical substitute for imported food.

Organisation Prévention Cécité (OPC)

Centre Hospitalier

Universitaire Lamorde

Niamey, Niger

OPC is a French-based VDO which provides financial and material support to blindness prevention programs in Niger.

1988

Training Program in Blindness Prevention

\$7,000

This funding was used for the training of health professionals and village health workers in the detection and prevention of diseases using ophthalmic ointments and vitamin A supplements.

Tufts University School of Medicine

Department of Community Health

136 Harrison Avenue

Boston, MA 02111

Tufts University School of Medicine had developed and implemented a successful human health component of the Tufts/Niger Integrated Livestock Project, a two year program concerned with health planning, epidemiology, nutrition and primary health care for pastoralists in Niger.

1988

Nutritional Surveillance Training Project

\$167,000

This project, implemented jointly by Tufts and the University of Niamey, helped establish a medical training program in epidemiology and nutritional surveillance at the Medical School in Niger. The training emphasized a hands-on and practical approach to developing techniques and guidebooks appropriate for Niger.

United Nations Development Program (UNDP)

One United Nations Plaza Room DC1-2389

New York, NY 10017

UNDP promotes economic growth and improved standards of living by supporting projects in agriculture, health, housing, public administration, industry, trade and other fields. UNDP is the world's largest grant development assistance organization, serving over 150 countries and territories.

1986

Well Digging Project

\$359,355

These funds were used to purchase materials to repair and/or construct 130 bore hole wells and equip them with manual pumps in Zinder province.

World Food Program (WFP)

426, Via Cristoforo Colombo

Rome, Italy 00145

WFP is responsible within the U.N. system for coordinating and providing food aid to countries facing famine and other catastrophies.

1985

Food Storage Project

\$165,000

This grant was used to purchase, transport and install ten Germex 500-ton food storage silos.

1988

Food Storage in Niger

\$150,000

Funds were used to reinforce the capacity of safe-guarding food in case of drought or other natural disasters by installing two-500 ton silos in drought-prone areas.

NAMIBIA

Council of Churches of Namibia (CCN)

P.O.Box 41 Mashego Street 8521

Windhoek, Namibia

The Council of Churches of Namibia is a central coordinating body on which most churches in Namibia, including the Roman Catholic Church, are represented. CCN is a leading force in assisting people in need, particularly women and children, in promoting development through self-help projects and in the struggle for human rights of Namibians.

1991

Institutional Support

\$75,000

This grant assisted the CCN in strengthening its extensive programs in areas such as youth training and counseling, rural water supply, health education and AIDS prevention, legal aid, human rights awareness and income-generating projects

NIGERIA

Country Women Association of Nigeria (COWAN)

P.M.B. 809

Akure, Ondo State, Nigeria

Founded in 1982, COWAN is a national association of rural women's co-operatives. Its goals are to create economic advancement opportunities for rural women in the areas of agriculture, home economics and cottage industries. Management training for women and family planning education are essential components of COWAN's program.

1991

Institutional Support

\$50,000

USA for Africa funds helped COWAN to strengthen existing projects, particularly in the areas of appropriate food processing technologies, small enterprise development, and training.

SENEGAL

African Development Bank (ADB)

01 B.P.1387

Abidjan, Cote d'Ivoire

The ADB is the largest indigenous multinational finance institution in Africa. Its central purpose includes financing projects that promote Africa's long term development. Co-financing of selected ADB projects through USA for Africa grants reduced countries' debt exposure on these projects and freed up ADB funds for additional projects.

1987

Anambe Development Project

\$1,518,000

Funds were used in partial support of a large-scale irrigation and food production project. Irrigation systems and social and medical infrastructure were developed and training and support were provided for rice production and reforestation activities.

Africare

Washington, D.C. 20001

Africare assists in the human and economic development of African countries through the development of water resources, increased food production, delivery of basic health services, and emergency assistance to refugees.

1986

Vegetable Garden

\$30,000

These funds assisted villagers in their efforts to increase food availability and raise income. Five hectares of land well suited for vegetable production had been acquired by the women of N'Dame-Lô. Ten wells were dug, living hedges planted, and the women of the cooperative were able to cultivate potatoes, onions, cabbages, tomatoes and okra.

AFOTEC-International Service for the Support of Training and Technologies in WA

Route de Front de Terre

Dakar, Senegal

AFOTEC, an African NGO founded in 1983, provides training and technical support upon request to local groups in several Sahelian countries.

1988

Water Purification and Sanitation Project

\$49,400

The funding of this project improved the health standards in several communities located in Maleme Hodar through the introduction of simple, appropriate technologies in water treatment and sanitation, health education, improved sanitary water containers and hand-washing devices.

Association Culturelle d'Aide à la Promotion Educative et Sociale (ACAPES)
Dakar, Senegal

ACAPES works with both rural and urban youth groups to initiate micro-development projects, and supports them in the areas of training and education.

1987

Agricultural Production
\$70,000

Funds were used to help a youth association in northern Casamance increase agricultural production through gardening, animal husbandry, and improving transportation.

Association Francaise des Volontaires du Progrès (AFVP)
BP 1010
Dakar, Senegal

AFVP is a French NGO which provides French volunteer technicians to promote village-based development. It intervenes in sectors as diverse as agriculture, water development, and cooperative training.

1987

Agricultural Production
\$3,000

This grant was used to assist herders in the area of Diourbel by improving their skills in livestock production, and by training artisans in equipment repair, providing a well system with animal traction, and providing a small medicine supply and health training in the local community.

Association des Bacheliers pour l'Emploie et le Développement (ABACED)

B.P. 12135

Dakar Senegal

The Association was formed in 1985 by unemployed graduates to build links between urban and rural youth to confront the economic crisis faced by their communities.

1990

Institutional Support Grant

\$15,000

This grant provided institutional support to this small but dynamic VDO. Funds were used to cover office rent, administrative costs and project monitoring charges for one year.

Association de Jeunes Agriculteurs de Casamance/Sans Frontières (AJAC)

BP 15

Sedhiou, Senegal

AJAC was created in 1974 in order to bring about an end to hunger and improved well-being for peasant families in the Casamance region and beyond. The Association has implemented numerous successful projects and has grown to include over 350 village organizations. AJAC's membership and work now extend to the neighboring countries of Gambia and Guinea Bissau.

1990

Institutional Support to AJAC

\$50,000

Funds were used to provide support to community volunteers and the administrative council of AJAC. The purchase of a project vehicle and approximately 20 bicycles is helping AJAC overcome logistical constraints impeding its work.

1988

Sheep-Raising Project in N'Diouffene

\$17,158

The purpose of this project was to improve sheep-raising practices in the target zone of Ndiouffene. Funds were used to provide training to women in improved animal husbandry

techniques, and to initiate a loan program to make animals available to greater numbers of women in the area.

1990

Dimar Rice Processing Project

\$49,575

Funds provided farmers' associations in Dimar with post-harvest agricultural equipment (rice gleaners and hullers) to allow dry-season field preparation to begin as early as possible. This equipment facilitated a substantial increase in annual agricultural production.

Association des Ressortissants pour le Développement du Village de Keur Madia (ARDEK)

Dieuppeul 2

Villa No 2253 C

Dakar, Senegal

ARDEK is an association of village youth living in the capital who work to help their brothers and sisters back in their village. Its goals are to promote income-earning activities that will encourage young people to remain at home and contribute to the improvement of living conditions in the community.

1990

Community Animal-Raising

\$18,960

This community project involved purchasing lambs at a low price, raising them, and then selling them at substantial profit on local markets.

Association des Jeunes Urbains pour la Promotion de l'Emploi Non Salarié (AJUPENS)

BP 12128

Dakar, Senegal

AJUPENS is made up of over 160 young people from the poorer neighborhoods of Dakar. Its goals are to help find a useful role for unemployed youth through community projects, to

support initiatives of a communal nature which lead to self-employment of young people, and to improve the survival strategies of marginalized youth.

Association de Jeunes pour l'Education et le Développement (AJED)

BP 12035

Dakar, Senegal

AJED was formed out of the efforts of a group of urban and rural youth with a commitment to taking an active role in the development of their country. AJED provides technical and material support to community groups, and lays stress on local initiative and decision making.

1990

Mbellongouth Cattle-Raising and Soil Regeneration for Women

\$28,600

This project allowed a women's group in the village of Mbellongouth to earn income by raising and selling cattle for local markets. Soil conservation and regeneration techniques used manure from cattle to increase the soil productivity of community fields.

Association Nationale des Handicapés Moteurs au Sénégal (ANHMS)

B.P.10318

Dakar, Senegal

ANHMS, a national association of the physically handicapped, combats prejudice and misconceptions towards the handicapped and supports them through training and job placement.

1988

Young Women's Cooperatives

\$5,000

This funding was used for purchasing equipment and materials for 8 young women who were receiving training in domestic crafts.

Association Nationale des Maisons Familiales Rurales (ANMFR)

BP 131

Thies, Senegal

ANMFR has existed in Senegal for more than 25 years, and has acquired valuable experience in training and organizing farmers in management, rain-fed and irrigated agriculture, animal raising, afforestation, functional literacy, and women's programs.

1990

Communal Fishing Project at Thiaroye-sur-Mer

\$33,100 This project provided 2 motorized boats, fishing equipment, and improved fish dryers to young members of a small fishing cooperative near Dakar. The fishermen benefit from their own labor, and women increase their profits from the sale of dried fish on local markets.

Association Panafricaine pour le Développement Communautaire (PADEC)

BP 3624

Dakar, Senegal

PADEC, a Senegalese association set up in 1981, works to develop grassroots organizations in different parts of the country.

1987

Reforestation Project in Bakel

\$25,000

This grant was used to help Bakel students develop a date-palm orchard at their school to provide income to their institution and to learn about reforestation techniques. Funds were used to purchase tools and equipment to fence the area and construct wells and reservoirs, and to transport palm seedlings to the site.

CEDPA-Senegal

Rue Marsat

B.P. 7145

Dakar, Senegal

CEDPA-Senegal is a national VDO affiliated with the Center for Development and Population Activities in Washington. CEDPA-Senegal conducts training programs and surveys in health, family planning and community development.

1989

Reinforcement of Health Services in Rufisque
\$50,000

The purpose of this project was to reinforce existing maternal child health services in three communities, conduct nutrition education programs, vaccinations and family planning services, and provide assistance to three income-generating projects conducted by women.

**Conseil des Organisations Non Gouvernementales d'Appui au Développement
(CONGAD)**

BP 4109

Dakar, Senegal

CONGAD, the largest NGO consortium in Senegal, brings together over 50 Senegalese and non-Senegalese development organizations.

1987

Integrated Development in Thilogne
\$26,389

Funds helped people in Thilogne increase food self-sufficiency by engaging in productive activities during the whole year instead of during the 3 month rainy season only.

Water and Reforestation Project
\$30,000

This grant was used to educate the local community about the importance of Reforestation and Agroforestry in the fight against drought and desertification.

1989

NGO support to Refugees and Repatriates
\$5,000

These funds helped CONGAD organize and carry out a very successful "Day of Reflexion" to respond to the serious events resulting from the influx of over 30,000 Mauritanian refugees and Senegalese repatriates into the country. NGOs were able to coordinate projects

and policy initiatives, and to provide joint recommendations to the government on ways to respond to the situation.

1991

Support for Training Program

\$2,000

This grant provided partial funding for a CONGAD intern to receive community development training at the Bioforce Training Center in Lyon, France.

Institutional Support

\$100,000

This grant helped to strengthen CONGAD's institutional capacity provide resources and information to African NGO's.

Développement Solidaire (DEVSOL)

BP 10035

Dakar, Senegal

DEVSOL was created in 1986 by Senegalese citizens who wished to continue the work of the International Union for Child Protection. DEVSOL provides development support to community-based efforts in different parts of the country.

1990

Project Vehicle Support

\$15,900

Funds were used for the purchase of a double cab pick-up truck to improve DEVSOL's project management capabilities.

Environnement, Développement, Action pour le Tiers Monde (ENDA)

BP 3370

Dakar, Senegal

ENDA is an international NGO based in Senegal which provides training and assistance to community organizations in different parts of the Third World.

1987

Agricultural Development
\$26,744

This initiative was undertaken through the Center for Training in Primary Health Care, and in collaboration with the Maison Familiale Rurale of Malicounda. Funds were used to provide direct support and training to peasant herders for the improvement of livestock to increase food production and income.

Fédération des Associations du Fouta pour le Développement (FAFD)

BP 3865

Dakar, Senegal

FAFD, a federation made up of village associations with strong cultural and historical ties to the Fouta region, is working to eradicate illiteracy and raise the scientific, technical and cultural level of peasants in the Fleuve Region.

1990

Literacy and Numeracy Training
\$48,125

This grant was used for literacy and post-literacy training for 70 village leaders, who in turn train others in their own communities.

Femmes, Développement et Entreprise en Afrique (FDEA)

Rue 1XF, Point E

B.P. 3921

Dakar, Senegal

FDEA is a non-profit organization formed in 1987 in Senegal. Its objective is to create a network for exchange and support among women entrepreneurs from different regions of the country through training, organizing, and the provision of credit.

1988

Promotion of Women in Enterprise

\$39,826

The purpose of this project was to increase the technical capabilities of women entrepreneurs, specifically in the area of management, and to facilitate their access to available resources and credit. Institutional support was also provided to FDEA for support of staff salaries, administrative costs, and the purchase of a project vehicle.

1990

Promotion of Women in Enterprise (II)

\$51,290

This grant provided additional support to FDEA in its efforts to make available credit, management and bookkeeping skills to women and women's groups who planned to launch small-scale businesses.

1991

Institutional Support

\$50,000

This grant provided FDEA with the institutional support necessary to continue to provide training, information and credit to women entrepreneurs.

Forum des Organisations Volontaires Africaines de Développement/Sénégal (FOVAD/Sénégal)

B.P. 4109

Dakar, Senegal

FOVAD/Sénégal, a newly created, dynamic association of Senegalese VDOs, was set up to serve as a forum for exchange and support between national VDOs and village development associations. It provides mutual assistance; and provide a sense of solidarity and commitment with other national NGO bodies. FOVAD/Senegal is the national representative of the Forum of African Voluntary Development Organizations.

1990

Institutional Support Grant

\$38,038

Grant money was used to help set up and support the association and to cover major expenses during its first year of operations.

Islamic African Relief Agency (IARA)

BP 3740

Dakar, Senegal

IARA, an African NGO based in Sudan, has been well-established in Senegal for many years. It conducts a number of project activities throughout the country in the areas of livestock-raising, literacy training, gardening and water projects, and financial and project management training.

1990

Peykouk Cattle Raising Project

\$33,330

IARA had worked with the youth association of Peykouk during the previous year, and had assisted them in the construction of a small training center and a modest mosque. This cattle-raising project provided income to the local youth group, thereby reducing the numbers of villagers who migrate to the city.

National Council of Negro Women (NCNW)

701 Connecticut Avenue, NW #702

Washington, DC 20036

NCNW was founded in 1935. The goals of its International Division are to enhance the participation of women in development through programs focused on increasing income-generating skills, training, education, and agricultural production.

1988

Integrated Rural Development

\$250,000

This project provided training and support for women's groups in two communities in the Thiès Region. Two deep bore-hole wells were developed, and women obtained milling machines to decrease their workload and earn income. The development of water resources increased market gardening activities, and improved health care became available with the construction of a community health center.

OEF International

1815 'H' Street, NW, 11th Floor
Washington, DC 20006

OEF, a non-profit educational organization, provides training and technical assistance to women to promote their full participation in the social, economic, and political life of their countries.

1986

Women's Fishing Project
\$75,000

Grant funds were used to increase food availability and income to women by upgrading methods of preservation, storage, and marketing of fish. Carried out in collaboration with FAFS, the Federation of Senegalese Women's Associations, this grant was also designed to improve the capability of village women to plan and manage village production units.

1987

Water Resources Development
\$45,000

Funds helped provide drinking water to 12 villages, lightened women's work loads, and created off-season work for young people in gardening and animal raising.

Oxfam America

115 Broadway
Boston, MA 02116

Oxfam America is an autonomous development agency which promotes self-reliant, participatory development among poor people by supporting their own efforts to gain more control over resources and decisions affecting their lives. Oxfam America also provides emergency relief assistance in selected countries and conducts public education campaigns in the U.S. about the causes of underdevelopment and hunger and the challenges in seeking solutions to these problems.

1991

Logistical Support for Dakar Office

\$26,500

This grant assisted Oxfam America in improving its capacity to develop and monitor programs in Burkina Faso, Mali, Cape Verde, Guinea-Bissau, The Gambia and Senegal. Funds were used to purchase a four-wheel drive vehicle, allowing Oxfam to greatly reduce its regional travel costs.

Institutional Support for Dakar Office

\$2,600

This grant assisted Oxfam American in establishing of a new West Africa Regional Office in Dakar. Funds were used to set up communications and liaison systems to improve their programming activities in the region.

Réseau Africain de Développement Intégré (RADI)

Rue 39 x 44 Colobane

B.P.12085

Dakar, Senegal

RADI is an indigenous VDO created by African professionals wanting to make their experience available to assist in the socio-economic development of their country. RADI takes a participatory approach to development by encouraging grassroots initiative and supporting projects at the community level.

1987

Integrated Development In Gadd

\$53,911

This grant was used to assist 4 villages in market gardening, food processing, and livestock production on 12 hectares in the community of Gadd.

1988

Irrigation and Gardening Projects

\$150,000

Through the development of local water resources, large-scale vegetable production, and marketing strategies, farmer's associations in two villages in the Thiès Region have been able to significantly increase the income of their members. RADI has provided organizational and technical support as well as equipment and training with these funds.

Satellite Office in Casamance

\$60,000

Funding supported the opening of a RADI office in the Casamance region and a portion of its administrative costs for two years. The Casamance region in southern Senegal is largely neglected by development organizations. With its extension office in the area, RADI has been better able to provide training, follow-up and monitoring to the village organizations with which it works.

Support to Farmer's Associations

\$194,000

These funds supported the production and economic development activities of three farmers groups in Casamance: the Association of Young Farmers of Casamance (AJAC), The Federation of the Association for the Community Development of Balantacounda, and the Union for the Development of Boudie. RADI provided technical assistance, equipment and supplies, and management support to a diverse series of village initiatives. These included the construction of 10 new communal granaries and a seed bank, food and cash crop production, and the introduction of improved agricultural techniques and technologies.

1989

Support to Senegalese Repatriates & Mauritanian Refugees

\$195,357

Funds were used to help refugees, repatriated Senegalese and local community groups cultivate 75 hectares of rice and tomatoes in three communities in the Fleuve Region in northern Senegal. Funding permitted RADI to obtain pumps and irrigation equipment, tools, and other agricultural inputs.

1990

Literacy and Training for Women's Groups

\$49,400

RADI works closely with community organizations in 14 villages in and around Thiès to develop large-scale vegetable production and marketing initiatives. This project strengthened the skills and management capacities of women in RADI project areas. By learning to read, write, keep account books and manage their own projects, women's groups have been able to expand their activities to improve their situations and those of their families.

1991

Sandiara Village Well Water Project

\$2,000 This grant assisted the people of Sandiara in implementing a well project to improve health conditions in their village.

Institutional Support

\$200,000

USA for Africa funds assisted RADI in establishing national offices in Mali, Guinea and the Central African Republic, in strengthening its ties with grassroots development associations and in promoting the development of African VDO's.

Terre Des Hommes-France

4 rue Franklin, F-93200

St.Denis, France

Terre des Hommes implements and funds projects in the areas of agriculture, primary health care, education, training, and animation. It also works to sensitize the French public to the real causes, and remedies, of debt and food problems.

1986

Improved Vocational Training

\$55,884 This project was carried out jointly by Terre des Hommes and the Chambre de Métiers de Dakar. Its objective was to conceive and put in place an alternative model of professional training for young apprentices in the non-industrial (craft) sector. Over 75 apprentices were selected and trained through this initiative.

Union des Groupements Paysans de Meckhé (UGM)

BP 8

Meché, Senegal

UGM is a farmers' cooperative which was created in 1983. The group, which began as a small cooperative in one village, has now expanded to include nearly 30 villages.

1988

Livestock and Agricultural Development

\$60,000

This project increased agricultural productivity and improved accessibility to water sources in the region of Thies.

Funds were used to generate income through livestock and vegetable production.

World Relief

P.O. Box WRC

Wheaton,IL 60189

Founded in 1944,World Relief promotes and supports self-help community development projects through training,technical help, and project funding. World Relief also supplies emergency assistance as a result of natural disaster or war.

1988

Women in Development in Diourbel

\$22,660

This grant was used to introduce labor saving appropriate technology and training to village women in 5 villages.Training in labor saving devices, health seminars and literacy were organized under this program.

World Vision

919 West Huntington Drive

Monrovia, CA 91016

World Vision is a Christian non-profit organization working in the areas of childcare,community and leadership development, health, agricultural production, social welfare,and development education.

1986

Louga Child Survival Project

\$347,358

This project provided basic health care training in more than 2,000 villages in the Louga Region in order to reduce the high mortality rate of children. The training included instruction on the sate storage of potable water, the use of oral rehydration therapy, of malaria prophylaxis, and of innoculations against childhood diseases.

SOMALIA

Horumarin

P.O. Box 2503
Mogadishou Somalia

Horumarin is an indigenous VDO registered with the government of Somalia which focuses its efforts on relief and development work.

1987

Basic Health Care in Bakol region
\$100,000

Funds were used to support primary health care through nutritional surveillance and monitoring, health education, immunization and sanitation in one of the affected regions in Somalia. This grant was funded by Hear'n Aid and administered by USA for Africa.

United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees

Palais des Nations CH-1211
Geneva, Switzerland

UNHCR's primary goal is to promote durable solutions to refugee problems through voluntary repatriation, local integration or resettlement in another country.

1986

Ethiopian Refugee Project
\$377,750

These funds were used by UNHCR and World Concern to assist and meet the needs of thousands of refugees from Ethiopia who had fled into northwest Somalia. The grant allowed them to purchase medicines, and medical equipment for transit centers; fuel to transport refugees from the centers to camps; blankets, water containers, cooking oil; and tires and batteries for the tanker truck, supplying water to refugee camps.

SUDAN

Agency for Cooperation and Research in Development (ACORD)

Francis House, Francis Street
London SW1P 1DQ
United Kingdom

ACORD is an international consortium of non-governmental organizations working together for long-term development in Africa. It is independent of political and religious affiliations and works under the trusteeship of its member agencies.

1989

Qala-en-Nahl Refugee Settlement
\$165,670

This project was designed to increase the self-reliance of refugees and residents within and around the Qala-en-Nahal settlement. Funds were used to purchase tractors and tools, and for the construction of a "hafir" to store water.

Adventist Development and Relief Agency (ADRA)

12501 Old Columbia Pike
Silver Spring, MD 20904

ADRA, a US-based VDO founded in 1956, provides emergency relief services and implements long-term development assistance programs.

1986

Dining Hall/Kitchen Complex Construction
\$134,837

Funds contributed to the rehabilitation of the Sheik Lutfi secondary school in order to accomodate a larger number of displaced students from Southern Sudan.

Dormitory Construction at Lutfi School
\$84,033

This grant was used for the construction of a dormitory and a garden with a well for the benefit of displaced students.

1988

Muniki Mother and Child Project

\$104,650

This grant was used to provide a program of preventive, curative and rehabilitative health care for infants, children and mothers in the Muniki area.

Ahfad University for Women/Iowa State University

P.O. Box 167

Omdurman, Sudan

Ahfad University for Women is a four-year women's university established in 1966 by the Bedri family to educate women for leadership in effecting change in rural areas. International education and development are high priorities for Iowa State University.

1989

White Nile Water Project

\$44,400

The purpose of this project was to capitalize on established links between the two universities in order to promote further improvements in food security and health care through water projects and education in rural centers in the White Nile area.

American Refugee Committee

2344 Nicollet Avenue

Minneapolis, MN 55404

American Refugee Committee works to assist people who have left their homelands because of disaster, warfare, or other threats to their health and well-being. The organization provides training, nutritional aid and medical care for refugees.

1987

Local Settlement of Ethiopian Refugees

\$119,160

Funds contributed to a program designed to ensure adequate health care for 5,000 Ethiopian refugees living in the settlement of Fau 5 in Eastern Sudan. Components funded through this grant included preventive and curative health services and supplementary feeding.

Medical Training & Health Education Program in Wad Sherife
\$52,012

This program provided training to eligible refugees in healthcare, maternal and child health and public health techniques appropriate to their community's culture.

1987

Safawa Public Health & Medical Program
\$30,289

Funds were used to provide 15,000 Ethiopian refugees with adequate curative and preventive health care measures. Training in health care was also provided to the refugee staff.

Babiker Badri Scientific Association for Women's Studies (BBSAWS)

P.O. Box 197, Arda Street,
Omdurman, Sudan

BBSAWA is an indigenous Sudanese VDO, founded in 1979. Its programs focus on changing the status of Sudanese women.

1990

Training for Rural Women in Elega Village

\$57,140 The project was designed to organize approximately 6,000 women in Elega village into an association which could evolve into one or more cooperatives. Funds were used for the purchase of essential supplies for the women's training center.

CARE

660 First Avenue
New York, NY 10016

CARE's goal is to help the world's poor in their efforts to achieve long-term health care, social and economic well-being, and to offer relief in times of crisis.

1986

Emergency Food and Transportation
\$305,194

These funds were used by CARE, in collaboration with Save the Children and World Vision, to help move 25,000 metric tons of food commodities from Port Sudan to village depots in the Kordofan region where distribution was made to the population most seriously affected by the drought.

1987

Water Supply and Management in Kordofan
\$120,000

This grant helped provide minimum water requirements to residents in 30 villages. Thirty self-managed water committees were created to manage this resource and to develop a five-year water development plan for Kordofan.

Columbia University/University of Gezira

Center for Population & Family Health

60 Haven Avenue, B-3

New York, NY 10032

The Center for Population and Family Health of Columbia University and the Faculty of Medicine of the University of Gezira are academic institutions that provide training and education in the field of Primary Health Care and in developing local manpower training.

1986

Improving Primary Health Care Program Management
\$493,971

This project was jointly conceived and designed by University of Gezira and Columbia University to develop an institutional capability in Sudan for training in the realms of Primary Health Care, program planning management and evaluation. Funds were used to purchase training materials and equipment, including a project vehicle.

Primary Health Care/Rural Hospital Seminar
\$19,200

This grant enabled the University of Gezira Faculty of Medicine and Columbia University's Center for Population and Family Health to collaborate in intensive training of Ministry of Health medical and paramedical personnel.

Primary Health Care (PHC)/Rural Hospital Seminar

\$19,200

Funding provided a three-week training program for 30 medical officers in project planning, coordination, and implementation, and training in developing project funding requests and supervising health and community workers. The University of Gezira then facilitated the development of supportive linkages between national PHC special projects and medical officers in the field.

Concern

1 Upper Camden Street
Dublin 2, Ireland

Concern is a non-denominational voluntary organization committed to the relief, assistance and advancement of needy peoples in less developed countries of the world.

1986

Construction of Lined Shallow Wells

\$45,000

Grant funds were used to construct lined water wells, thereby providing an adequate amount of improved-quality water to communities.

1987

Vaccination Program in the South White Nile

\$44,716

Funds were used to vaccinate three year old children against D.P.T., B.C.G. measles and polio; to administer tetanus toxoid to pregnant mothers and provide health education in Kosti District, South White Nile Province.

1987

Vaccination Program in North Kordofan

\$13,052

Funds contributed to a program of vaccination of all children under three years of age, targeting those under the age of one. The program also helped to educate the population about the need for series vaccinations and administered tetanus toxoid to antenatal mothers.

Episcopal Church of Sudan (ECS)

P.O.Box 110

Juba, Sudan

The Episcopal Church of Sudan is an indigenous VDO which has been working consistently in southern Sudan for some time.

1988

Project Support for Southern Sudan

\$250,000

This project expanded the capabilities of the Lainya Vocational Training Institute by consolidating its income-generating activities to enable the Institute to become self-supporting; establishing a revolving loan fund for the purchase of surplus food on urban markets at affordable prices; and expanding the successful cooperative movement initiated in southern Sudan.

Ethiopia Refugee Self-Reliance Cooperative Society

P.O. Box 36

Khartoum, Sudan

The Ethiopian Refugee Self-Reliance Cooperative Society was founded by Ethiopian Refugees in Khartoum in 1988 and is a registered NGO. Its purpose is to create employment opportunities to urban refugees and generate income resources.

1989

Refugee Tailors Shop

\$60,000

This grant was used to establish a workshop with a display room for the production of ladies' handbags and national clothing manufactured in small quantities.

Fellowship for African Relief (FAR)
c/o Emmanuel International of Canada
P.O. Box 50
Stouffville, Ontario

FAR was initiated by two Canadian organizations and one U.S. organization, Emmanuel International, and World Relief Canada and World Relief Corporation of USA. This consortium with its lead agency, Emmanuel International, founded FAR for refugee, relief, rehabilitation and development work in the Sudan.

1986

Integrated Rehabilitation at Hamrat El Wuz
\$82,000

The integrated rehabilitation project was used to enhance the ability of the people in this rural council to prevent hunger, malnutrition and forced migration from their homes by providing means to combat drought, deforestation and desertification.

Integrated Rehabilitation at El Sidir
\$48,400

Grant funds were used to prevent malnutrition, disease, and forced migration of the people of El Sidir by providing sufficient sources of potable water, combating desertification, increasing the supply of nutritious food, and training local residents to maintain development gains.

Goal

P.O. Box 19
Dun Laoghaire, Co.
Dublin, Ireland

Goal is a non-profit organization committed to relief and development in the Third World.

1987

Emergency Laboratory Supplies
\$49,937

This funding provided a wide range of surgical and laboratory equipment for the teaching hospital in Khartoum. This equipment allowed the surgical team to expand some surgical

services and to undertake others which had not been possible before. It also increased the hospital's capacity to handle emergencies and to conduct standard investigations.

International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC)

Nat'l Hdqtrs of American Red Cross
17th & 'D' Street, NW
Washington, DC 20006

ICRC is a Swiss-based private, independent humanitarian agency that provides assistance to victims of war and in conflict areas.

1986

Emergency Medical Assistance
\$81,281

This program provided emergency medical kits to be used in the severely famine-affected area of Bahr-El-Ghazal province in Southern Sudan.

Islamic African Relief Agency (IARA)

Khartoum, Sudan

IARA is an indigenous VDO founded in 1981 to offer relief and development assistance to refugees and displaced and needy communities. IARA's activities cover three continents, and the organization has offices in 14 African countries.

1989

Family Health Care Program in Greater Khartoum
\$50,000

Funding was used to raise the technical standards and capacities of health workers through regularized and appropriate training courses, and through the provision of essential medical supplies and equipment.

1990

Accommodation of 200 Families
\$149,300

This project is designed to accommodate 200 vulnerable displaced families from Southern Sudan in the Sennar Agricultural scheme by establishing a clinic, extending services to feeding centers and digging a shallow well.

Lalmba Association

7685 Quartz St.
Golden, Colorado 80403

Lalmba is an international non-profit corporation which has been working in Africa for 24 years. For the past decade, Lalmba has provided medical, developmental and education services to eastern Sudan.

1988

General Use Vehicle
\$9,800

Funds were used to purchase a vehicle for Lalmba projects, thus providing transportation for both Ethiopian refugees and Sudanese nationals served by Lalmba.

Integration Center for Homeless Children
\$25,450

This project was designed to provide homeless Ethiopian children with education and skills needed to become a successful part of their society.

Medical Volunteers International

1215-6th Avenue
San Francisco, CA 94122

Medical Volunteers International is a non-profit organization incorporated in California in 1984. Its members are medical professionals who provide primary health care and training programs to Third World countries as alternatives to crisis intervention.

1987

Child Survival Project in Tokar North
\$150,000

This program was designed to improve the health status of the children in Tokar North by teaching principles of child health and nutrition, thereby reducing child morbidity and mortality. It established 15 nutritional centers to reach at least 85% of the rural population and to monitor the growth of infants and provide supplementary food as needed.

Nafir Public Organization (NPO)

Khartoum, Sudan

Nafir Public Organization is an indigenous agency whose goal is to help people develop skills to resolve their own problems.

1988

Provision of Drinking Water

\$53,520

Funding helped provide drinking water to humans and animals through the construction of 25 shallow wells in 12 villages in the southeast part of the Sudan. The project was conceived as a self-help activity, with the local people playing an active role in its implementation.

Oxfam America

Boston, MA 02116

Oxfam America is an autonomous development agency which promotes self-reliant, participatory development among poor people by supporting their efforts to gain more control over the resources and decisions that affect their lives. Oxfam America also provides emergency relief assistance to selected countries, and conducts public education campaigns in the U.S. about the causes, challenges, and solutions regarding underdevelopment and hunger.

1990

Fisheries Project for the Displaced

\$80,000

This project provided training in improved fishing, fish processing, transport, storage and marketing techniques to increase the yields and income of Sudanese fishermen displaced from the southern to the northern Upper Nile region.

1991

Improvement of Water Yards in Western Sudan

\$25,000

This grant permitted Oxfam to rehabilitate five water yards in Sudan's Um Rawaba District in order to provide a sustainable water supply system to approximately 20,000 people and their livestock in five villages.

Chukudum Agricultural Rehabilitation

\$50,000

This grant was used by Oxfam America to finance a plan devised by the Sudan Relief and Rehabilitation Association (SRAA) to reconstruct Chukudum's agricultural base, virtually destroyed by the effects of ongoing civil war. Funds provided some 2,000 previously displaced farming families with seed, tools and other agricultural inputs.

Plan Sudan

P.O. Box 528

Khartoum, Sudan

Plan Sudan is an arm of Foster Parents Plan International, based in the U.S. Plan Sudan promotes and implements community-based development at the grassroots level.

1986

Water Development in Eastern Gezira

\$59,329

This grant was used to increase the supply of potable water in the area and to make this pure water accessible to 80,000 people in 63 villages. Other goals were to improve domestic hygiene in all villages; reduce the incidence of waterborne diseases; establish backyard gardens in 10% of the homes in each of 63 villages; and improve nutritional levels in all the villages.

SABAH/International Voluntary Welfare Group

P.O.Box 785

Khartoum, Sudan

SABAH, which means "morning" or "new beginning" in Arabic, is an indigenous VDO founded in 1986 under the licensing umbrella of the International Voluntary Welfare Group. Sabah's primary concern is the rehabilitation and well-being of homeless and displaced children in Khartoum.

1986

Street Children Operations

\$150,000

Funds helped provide medical care, nutritious meals, housing and basic education and vocational training for street children.

1989

Street Children Building

\$150,000

This grant was used for the purchase of a building to house SABAH's programs which assist the street children in Khartoum.

Save the Children Federation (SCF/US)

54 Wilton Road

P.O.Box 950

Westport, CT 06881

Save the Children is a private, voluntary, non-sectarian community development organization founded in 1932. Save the Children programs aim to improve the quality of life for children, their families, and their communities through self-help development projects.

Integrated Water and Sanitation Project

\$150,000

The grant provided an adequate and safe supply of water and effective sanitation systems for the communities within SCF's impact areas.

1986

Water Well Project in North Kordofan

\$150,000

Funds were used to assist remote villages in developing sustainable sources of water using locally available technology.

Community Based Integrated Rural Development Project

\$150,000

This grant increased agricultural production at the small farm level by disseminating technical agricultural knowledge and providing for information exchange among farmers.

1988

Agricultural Extension Services

\$110,379

This project was a part of an integrated development program. Its objectives were to increase sorghum production, livestock production, productivity and diversity of vegetable crops (for better nutrition and more income), and to add to the number of trees growing in the area.

Women's Integrated Food Security Program

\$112,000

Funding was provided to assist village women in carrying out specific food security projects that would improve their socio-economic status, nutritional levels, organizational skills, access to resources, and their general quality of life. Projects included revolving credit funds, horticulture programs, poultry farms, and revolving livestock funds.

1989

Women's Cooperative Flour Mill, Rehabilitation Project

\$55,000

This project was intended to rehabilitate 6 grinding mills in Um Ruwaba District. Defunct grinding mill cooperatives were to be reactivated, with women involved in the management of the cooperatives.

1990

Recovery and Rehabilitation

\$183,829

Funding supported an integrated community development project in the two Ethiopian refugee settlements of Karkora and Um Gargur. The objective of this grant was to involve approximately 311 families in poultry production and some 900 families in home gardens, from which the entire community is expected to benefit. All of the families will receive education in preventive health care and general education.

Save the Children Fund (SCF/UK)

17 Grove Lane
Camberwell
London SE5 8RD, UK

Save the Children Fund is a UK based NGO founded in 1919. Its international program focuses on child welfare and primary health care.

1986

Food and Transportation Project

\$250,000

SCF/UK used these funds to implement an emergency food supply and land transportation project. This grant was used to lease 50 trucks to move relief food to famine victims in western Sudan.

Sudan Council of Churches (SCC)

P.O. Box 469
Khartoum, Sudan

SCC is one of the largest indigenous VDOs in the Sudan. It has been involved in community service since 1972. SCC implements programs in the areas of relief, rehabilitation and development.

1990

Khartoum Community Program

\$ 168,000

The aims of this project are to provide potable water, enable displaced children to get a primary education, and help the community of Haj Yousif and adjacent villages to maintain a clean environment.

Sudan Council of Voluntary Agencies (SCOVA)

P.O. Box 469
Khartoum, Sudan

SCOVA is an association of non-governmental non-profit agencies registered with the address humanitarian needs in the Sudan. SCOVA currently represents over 40 organizations.

1988

Conference on The Role of NGOs

\$55,000

Funds contributed to this conference provided an opportunity for indigenous VDOs from seven countries in the Horn of Africa to come together, exchange information and draw conclusions from their relevant experiences.

Sudanese Juvenile Care Organization (SJCO) P.O. Box 4375

Khartoum, Sudan

Sudanese Juvenile Care Organization is a VDO which helps homeless, abandoned, or orphaned children, and provides aid for poor families.

1988

Maternal and Child Health Clinic

\$100,000

The project established a clinic in the remote area of Kadougli in western Sudan in order to provide full-scale maternal and child health services, including preventative and treatment services as well as community health education.

Sudan Relief and Rehabilitation Association (SRRA)

P.O. Box 27209

Washington, DC 20038

The Sudan Relief and Rehabilitation Association (SRRA) is a non-profit humanitarian association founded in the United States in 1986. Its primary goal is to encourage and support the efforts of NGO's, PVO's and the UNHCR to provide short-term relief to refugees and/or returnees in Sudan. The SRRA also seeks to promote education, training and the general well-being of Sudanese refugees and displaced people.

1991

Institutional Support \$2,500

This grant assisted the SRRA in supporting refugee relief efforts in Sudan and in developing its Washington, D.C. office.

Swedish Sudanese Association

Kungsholmstorg 10, S-112 21

Stockholm, Sweden

This is a Swedish-based voluntary organization, founded by concerned citizens of Sudan and Sweden to promote mutual understanding between their two cultures.

1986

Integrated Development at Bara

\$96,000

This grant was used to combat desertification, and to provide clean drinking water, fresh vegetables, and ecology education.

United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)

Three United Nations Plaza

New York, NY 10017

UNICEF helps developing countries improve conditions of children and youth through assistance for community-based service in areas of primary health care, water supply, formal and non-formal education, nutrition, and emergency operations.

1985

E.P.I. Project

\$409,069

Funds were used to purchase medical equipment for an Early Preventative Inoculation Program in Sudan. USAFA's grant enabled UNICEF to procure 14 Toyota Landcruisers, 45 Lister generating sets, 55 refrigerators, 14 freezers, 341 cold boxes, 816 vaccine carriers, 57 voltage regulators, and 24,000 ice packs.

1986

Cold Chain Project

\$187,000

These funds were used to purchase equipment for a cold chain health care site in Khartoum.

Nutritional Supplement Project

\$183,543

These funds were used to purchase five million capsules of vitamin A and two million capsules of vitamin C to assist the nutritional supplement program in Sudan. Two million syringes were also purchased for an inoculation program.

United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR)

Palais des Nations CH-1211

Geneva, Switzerland

UNHCR's primary goal is to promote durable solutions to refugee problems through voluntary repatriation, local integration or resettlement in another country.

1985

Emergency Medical Supplies Airlift

\$92,000

An emergency airlift was conducted to provide refugee camps with Ringers lactate I.V. solution to combat an outbreak of cholera in Sudan.

Water Projects

\$192,650

This grant enabled UNHCR to manage and coordinate the activities of several water projects located at Umbala, Angikotti, and Asernie. This project was developed to assure an adequate supply of potable water for people living in these reception centers. 1985

Emergency Health, Food & Water

\$200,000 UNHCR was funded to supply and transport emergency medicine, medical supplies, and food in Eastern Sudan to support and feed refugees coming in from Ethiopia.

USA for Africa

9920 S. La Cienega Blvd., Suite 815

Inglewood, CA 90301

Emergency Airlift Project

\$500,000

This grant facilitated an emergency airlift to Sudan and Ethiopia, supplying famine victims with 240,000 pounds of critically needed medicines, nutritional supplements, and shelter items valued at approximately \$3.6 million.

World Food Program

426, Via Cristoforo Colombo

Rome, Italy 001445

WFP is responsible within the U.N. system for coordinating and providing food aid to countries facing famine and other catastrophes.

Communications Project

\$230,000

These funds were used to purchase radio communications equipment for emergency operations in Sudan during the 1985/86 famine. Using a fleet of 220 trucks, a central management team and a logistics team distributed food commodities in stricken areas.

Port Improvement Project

\$91,474

Funds were used for the purchase of five four-wheel drive tractors, three equipped with front-end loaders. Parts and tires for the tractors and a vehicle operation training component were also supported with this grant.

World University Service of Canada (WUSC)

Box 3000, Station C

Ottawa, Ontario

Canada K1Y 4M8

WUSC is an independent non-profit non-governmental organization with its head office in Canada. WUSC actively supports and implements development programs in the fields of agriculture, forestry, health and education. It also responds to emergencies caused by natural and man-made disasters.

1986

Emergency Medical Kits

\$119,081

This program provided emergency health assistance to three Chadian refugee camps housing nearly 60,000 people in Western Sudan. The medical kits were used to administer a second round of vaccinations of infants and pregnant women through Mother/Child Health Care centers.

Emergency Assistance to Southern Sudan & Uganda

\$265,972

Funding provided emergency health care for approximately 100,000 refugees moving from the west bank of the Nile in southern Sudan to Uganda. It provided for emergency delivery to Port Sudan of 4 Toyota Landcruisers with spare parts, 10 health center refrigerators, 8 ice lining refrigerators, 4 ice pack freezers, 23 vaccine carriers and 8 Lister diesel-electric generators.

Water Survey Feasibility Study

\$7,000

This funding was used for a feasibility study which included an intensive review of the adequacy of water and health services in a hospital in Darfur.

World Vision International

919 West Huntington Drive

Monrovia, CA 91016

World Vision is a Christian non-profit organization working in the areas of childcare, community and leadership development, health, agricultural production, social welfare, and development education.

Food Transportation Project

\$612,045 World Vision utilized these funds for a food distribution program in the central region of Sudan, targeting their aid to isolated pockets of Sudanese nationals who faced severe food shortages. Seven thousand metric tons of sorghum was transported from Port Sudan to the cities of Wad Medani and Damazin, from which it was distributed to local villages.

International Rescue Committee (IRC)

386 Park Avenue South
27th Street, 10th Floor
New York, N.Y.10016

IRC is a refugee agency assisting those who no longer have the protection of their native country. It has been in refugee work since 1933, and has been active in most major refugee crisis since then.

1987

Health Education Resource Center

\$88,991 Funds provided training to Ethiopian refugee health care workers in areas of mother and child health, public health, sanitation, epidemiology and laboratory techniques. It also set up a health education resource center for the inventory, collection, production and maintenance of materials related to health education.

TANZANIA

Immaculate Heart Sisters of Africa

P.O.Box 507
Musoma, Tanzania

Immaculate Heart Sisters of Africa an organization of African religious women in Tanzania, primary and secondary schools, running kindergartens and nursery schools and running a dispensary and health clinic.

1988

Baraki Windmill
\$24,000

Funds were used to build a windmill at the Baraki Sisters Farm in order to provide clean water for drinking and domestic use. This project contributed towards improving the health of the women as well as the surrounding community.

Soloman Mahlango Freedom College (SOMAFCO)

c/o City College of New York
Convent Avenue at 138th Street
New York, NY 10031

SOMAFCO, established by the African National Congress in 1979, deals specifically with the needs of South Africa's refugee population. Its curriculum is a prototype for education in a post-apartheid South Africa.

1988

SOMAFCO Technical Assistance

\$44,280 These funds were used to support a joint planning and professional exchange program between CCNY and development, teacher training, and post-apartheid development education.

Tanzania Media Women's Association (TAMWA)

UMATI Building, First Floor
P.O. Box 6143
Dar Es Salaam, Tanzania

TAMWA is a non-profit organization formed in 1986 by a group of women journalists and broadcasters. Their purpose is to effect positive change of women's status in Tanzania by making urban and rural women's issues the focus of educational seminars, magazine and radio activities. TAMWA's magazine, Sauti Ya Siti, published monthly in both English and Swahili, provides important information on issues of concern to all women.

1991

Institutional Support

\$50,000

This grant facilitated TAMWA's development of a Video Unit, a women's group directory for Tanzania and helped to strengthen existing programs and activities.

Uswaa Lutheran Parish

S.L.P.86663
Moshi, Kilimanjaro
Tanzania

The Moshi Village Ambulance Committee of the Lutheran Church was formed to organize the acquisition and use of an ambulance in the parish.

1987

Moshi Ambulance

\$28,859 This grant provided an ambulance to residents of Moshi and its surrounding areas. This isolated community had previously been unable to transport emergency medical patients to the hospital in the region.

World Vision

919 West Huntington Drive
Monrovia, CA 91016

World Vision is a Christian non-profit organization working in the areas of childcare, community and leadership development, health, agricultural production, social welfare, and development education.

1987

Dodoma Malaria Epidemic in Tanzania

\$25,000 These funds were used for emergency provision of anti-malaria drugs to combat an epidemic of malaria and to help increase children's resistance to the disease. Powdered milk was provided for supplementary feeding, and preventive measures were taken to destroy mosquito larvae and eliminate breeding grounds.

Zaire

Disaster Management Center

University of Wisconsin
432 North Lake St.
Madison WI 53706

The Disaster Management Center provides educational expertise in emergency management in the international environment.

1987

Disaster Management Center Health Training Modules

\$120,000

This program provided course modules for to be used in management training and primary health care programs in Africa. Its goal was to improve the emergency management performance of private voluntary agencies through a comprehensive professional development program in disaster management.

Projet SIDA

c/o John Hopkins Hospital

Blalock IIII

Baltimore, MD 21205

Projet SIDA was established in 1984 as a joint activity between the Centers for Disease Control, the National Institutes of Allergy and Infectious Disease, the Institute of Tropical Medicine in Antwerp, Belgium and the Zairean Department of Public Health. The purpose of the project was to assist the Government of Zaire in controlling and preventing HIV infection/disease in Zaire.

1987

Options for AIDS Prevention Programs

\$ 65,077

This project helped train lab technicians at four rural area hospitals to do specialized HIV tests in order to reduce the incidence of AIDS-infected blood transfusions.

ZIMBABWE

Association of Women's Clubs (AWC)

64 Selous Avenue/Seventh St.

P.O.Box UA 339

Harare, Zimbabwe

The Association of Women's Clubs is a non-profit, voluntary organization founded in 1950 which has a membership of approximately 22,000 rural women. Since its inception the AWC has been assisting rural women to improve the quality of their lives by offering training in income generation, pre-school education, leadership skills, and other areas.

1988

Mobile Unit Programme

\$53,127

This project sought to enhance the participation of women from local communities in development activities. It provided these women with training in income-generation, literacy, agricultural production and environmental conservation.

National Federation of Women's Institutes of Zimbabwe

P.O. Box 8263

Causeway,

Harare, Zimbabwe

National Federation of Women's Institutes of Zimbabwe is a non-profit organization which is involved in training, nutrition, literacy and leadership programs in the rural areas.

1987

Assistance to Mozambican displaced persons in Zimbabwe

\$150,000

Funds were used to provide early childhood education training, nutrition and social services to displaced Mozambicans in Nyangombe and Tongogara camps, to enable them improve their standard of living. This program was a combined effort with Save the Children/US. The funds were provided by Hear n'Aid and administered by USA for Africa.

Organisation of Rural Associations for Progress (ORAP)

16 Boone Avenue

Blenville, Richmond/Bulawayo, Zimbabwe

Founded in 1980, ORAP is a non-governmental association of rural community development groups. One of the most successful programs of its kind, ORAP provides support for community groups through technical assistance, administrative coordination, funding and development education.

1991

Institutional Support

\$75,000

USA for Africa funds assisted ORAP in strengthening the institutional capacities of its member groups, in facilitating improved agricultural and food processing methods in rural communities, and in promoting awareness among youth of development and environmental issues.

REGIONAL AND GENERAL SUPPORT GRANTS

Africa Peace Committee

c/o AFSC Southern Africa Program

1501 Cherry Street

Philadelphia, PA 19102

The Africa Peace Committee is comprised of several U.S. organizations committed to dispelling myths about Africa through educating people about the causes of warfare, poverty, and hunger. Since 1986 the Committee has sought to achieve this goal through conducting an annual Africa Peace Tour which enables African people to speak directly to U.S. audiences. Members of the Africa Peace Committee include the American Friends Service Committee, the Africa Faith and Justice Network, the American Committee on Africa, Bread for the World, the Washington Office on Africa and several others.

1990

Africa Peace Tour

\$1,500

This grant provided travel expenses and honoraria for two African speakers from Ethiopia and Sudan, respectively, to facilitate their speaking engagements in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

1990

Follow-up Virginia Tour

\$5,000

This grant permitted the Africa Peace Committee to organize a follow up its 1990 Peace Tour in the Commonwealth of Virginia. This second project focused on student audiences in high schools and colleges and, particularly, on teachers of history, geography and social sciences.

The African-American Institute

833 United Nations Plaza

New York, NY 10017

The African-American Institute (AAI), a non-profit organization established in 1953, seeks to foster African development through the strengthening of human resources and to promote mutual understanding between Africans and Americans. Its main goals are to promote educational opportunities in the U.S. and Africa; develop and support projects for Africans and Americans on issues which affect the social, economic, and political development of African countries; and, inform American policy makers, the corporate community, and the public about African issues and their implications for U.S. policy towards Africa.

1991

Liberia Watch

\$5,000

This grant supported the initiation of "Liberia Watch," a response to the recent civil war in that country aimed at providing a networking body allowing concerned Liberian and U.S. organizations to complement and support each other in fundraising, refugee assistance and reconstruction efforts.

African Children Welfare Foundation (ACWF)

P.O. Box 4236

Culver City, CA 90231

The ACWF is new non-profit organization based in Los Angeles which aims to improve the quality of life of African children and their families. ACWF takes a community development approach in implementing projects in the areas of community farming, water sanitation, health care and education.

1991

Logistical Support to ACWF Centers
\$5,000

This grant covered the cost of shipping medical and pharmaceutical supplies to ACWF operated clinics in Chad and Nigeria.

African Technology Forum (ATF)

MIT Branch Box 171
Cambridge, MA 02139

African Technology Forum (ATF) is a magazine published quarterly under the auspices of the African Students Association of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT). The publication aims to promote greater awareness of scientific and technological research in Africa, while informing Africans of developments abroad. ATF's overall goal is to help to establish links between Africans and non-Africans whose professional interests involve African tech-nological development.

1990

Contribution to Improvement of Publication
\$5,000

This grant was awarded in response to a major fundraising campaign aimed at improving ATF's production. USA for Africa funds covered publication costs of three issues of African Technology Forum.

1991

Contribution to Improvement of Publication
\$4,000

This grant helped to cover publication costs of three issues of African Technology Forum.

Association of Black American Ambassadors (ABAA)

Department of Anthropology, Columbia University
Schermmerhorn Hall
New York, NY 10027

Founded in 1983, the ABAA is a non-profit association made up of individuals who have served as U.S. Ambassador in countries of Africa, Asia, the Caribbean, Europe and Latin America. ABAA's goal is to inform and influence policy-makers in international affairs and to promote general public awareness of issues affecting the development of U.S. policies toward the developed and developing worlds.

1991

Support for Public Education Project
\$2,000

This grant assisted the ABAA in conducting a series of programs and services aimed at sharing the professional expertise and knowledge of its members with emerging groups of African-Americans interested in international affairs.

The Carter Center of Emory University
One Copenhill
Atlanta, GA 30307

The Carter Center of Emory University (CCEU) is the core research and policy arm of The Carter Center, a group of nonprofit organizations that work to resolve conflict, promote democracy, preserve human rights, improve health and fight hunger around the world.

1990

Mickey Leland Community Development Fellowship Program
\$250,000

This grant provided core funding for the establishment in 1991 of the Mickey Leland Community Development Fellowship Program. Initiated by the African Governance Program of the Carter Center of Emory University in honor of the late Congressman Mickey Leland, the program seeks to foster creative international dialogue to augment grassroots development. Each year, fellows nominated by African organizations are selected for a 4-6 week stay in Atlanta, Georgia, where they meet with community groups, take training at Emory University, participate in seminars and visit international specialists and civil and human rights advocates.

Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT)

Department of Political Science
Cambridge, MA 02139

1991

Syndicated Column on Africa

\$2,500 This grant contributed to the establishment of a syndicated column on Africa written by noted African journalists. The goal of this project is to increase the public's access to truth-ful, high quality, respectful yet diverse interpretations of African issues and events. This project grew out of MIT's Political Scientist, Dr. Willard Johnson's research on treatment of Africa in the U.S. and International print news media.

The Development Group for Alternative Policies, Inc. (The Development GAP)

1400 "I" Street, N.W., Suite 520
Washington, D.C. 20005

The Development GAP was established in 1977 for the purpose of working with groups in the developing world to develop alternatives to conventional aid programs and policies. To this end, The Development GAP works at three levels: in the field with aid institutions, within U.S. policy circles and, more broadly, with the general public.

1990

Supplemental Grant

\$5,000

This grant provided supplemental funds to assist in the continuation of The Development GAP's "Africa Public Policy and Education Project." This project, funded by USA for Africa in 1988, aims to promote fundamental change in the nature of African development and aid programming and policy formulation by involving African popular development groups and NGO's in key decision-making processes. The Development GAP's efforts have been particularly focused on the Horn of Africa, due to the escalation of conflicts in this region.

1991

Institutional Support

\$100,000

This grant assisted The Development GAP in revitalizing their development education and advocacy activities on African policy and programmatic issues. It also facilitated The

Development GAP's expansion of their capacity to help African organizations to analyze development policies that affect them and to make their views known in the U.S.

Ethiopian Community Center Outreach Services (ECCOS)

3840 South Crenshaw Blvd., Suite 205

Los Angeles, CA 90008

The Ethiopian Community Center Outreach Services is a non-profit organization which provides a variety of services to needy Ethiopians and other Africans in the Los Angeles area. Since its inception in 1983, the ECCOS has provided services in such areas as employment, emergency shelter and housing, immigration counseling, translation services and personal and family counseling.

1991

Institutional Support

\$3,000

This grant provided the ECCOS with the institutional support necessary to respond to increasing demand for services among Ethiopian and African immigrants in Los Angeles.

1990

Culture and Development in Africa Program

\$5,000

This grant supported the establishment of an innovative, multi-disciplinary program, "Culture and Development in Africa" which focuses on issues of development and cultural relevancy. A two-year period of research, seminars and workshops conducted by scholars in a variety of disciplines, is intended to provide the basis for a series of publications for use by NGO's and individuals interested in African development.

Operation Crossroads Africa, Inc. (OCA)

475 Riverside Drive, Suite 242

New York, NY 10115

Operation Crossroads Africa (OCA) is a non-governmental, non-profit organization founded in 1957 by the late Reverend James H. Robinson, founder and pastor of the Church of the

Master in Harlem. OCA's original and primary goal is to create conditions for mutual respect and friendship among the peoples of the United States, Africa and the Caribbean. OCA seeks to promote this goal through providing opportunities for Americans to work on short-term summer development and cultural exchange projects in Africa and the Caribbean.

1990

Alumni Resource Development

\$25,000

This grant made it possible for OCA to compile updated data on its over 12,000 alumni nationwide and to use this information to initiate a fund-raising tele-thon.

Overseas Development Network (ODN)

333 Valencia Street, Suite 330

San Francisco, CA 94103

ODN is a national student organization with over 65 chapters nation-wide. ODN works to educate its own members and others about development issues. Its programs promote greater public understanding by encouraging students to be the conduits, as well as the receivers, of development education.

1991

Institutional Support

\$75,000

This grant assisted ODN in strengthening existing Africa programs which emphasize a "people to people" approach to development education.

Oxfam America

115 Broadway

Boston, MA 02116

Oxfam America is an autonomous development agency which promotes self-reliant, participatory development among poor people by supporting their own efforts to gain more control over resources and decisions affecting their lives. Oxfam America also provides emergency relief assistance in selected countries and conducts public education campaigns in

the U.S. about the causes of un-derdevelopment and hunger and the challenges in seeking solutions to these problems.

1990

Support of Toward Partnership in Africa

\$5,000

This grant assisted Oxfam America in publishing the 320-page project report, Toward Partnership in Africa/Vers le Partenariat en Afrique in both English and French.

1991

Institutional Support

\$300,000

This grant provided institutional support for Oxfam's self-help development and disaster relief programs in West, Southern and the Horn regions of Africa.

University Research Library

University of California (UCLA)

Los Angeles, CA 90024

The Department of Special Collections is a non-circulating collection in the University Research Library of UCLA. The UCLA Library is the foremost academic library in the west and is ranked second only to Harvard University's library by the Association of Research Libraries. Holdings relating to all aspects of African studies support the academic and scholarly programs on campus. The library's on-line catalogue shows 12,437 titles on African subjects and the library has more than 1,000 current serial subscriptions in the area.

1990

Processing of USA for Africa Archives

\$6,305

This grant covered the cost of processing USA for Africa's archive, which will be housed in and managed by the UCLA University Research Library. The archive will support teaching and research interests of various academic programs relating to Africa.

Soundprint

WJHU - Johns Hopkins University
2216 North Charles Street
Baltimore, MD 21218

Debuted in January 1988, Soundprint is a weekly half-hour public radio documentary series produced at the studios of WJUH-FM, Baltimore and distributed nationally by the American Public Radio network. Soundprint's multi-cultural and international programs provide listeners with first-hand information on a variety of social, economic, cultural and political issues. Soundprint programs have gained national and international recognition for innovative production technique and high journalistic standards.

1990

General Support
\$1,200

This grant contributed to Soundprint's expanding its foundation support base for the development of a series of programs on Southern Africa.

TransAfrica Forum

545 Eighth Street, S.E., Suite 200
Washington, D.C. 20003

TransAfrica Forum was launched by TransAfrica, Inc. in 1981 to serve as a center for research, education and public outreach. Its mandate is to encourage widespread understanding of current social, economic, and political issues affecting American foreign policy toward Africa and the Caribbean. TransAfrica, Inc., has been the leader of the Anti-Apartheid movement in the United States since its creation in 1977.

1990

Contribution to Mandela Courage Award
\$5,000

This grant covered the cost of USA for Africa's sponsorship of TransAfrica's Inaugural Presentation of the Mandela Courage Award to Harry Belafonte. Mr. Belafonte's dedication to humanitarianism and civil rights was the driving force behind the recording of "We Are the World" and the creation of USA for Africa.

Frederick Douglass Institute for African and African-American Studies

University of Rochester

Rochester, NY 14627

Established in 1986, the Frederick Douglass Institute is an African and African-American Studies program "for the 1990's and beyond." In recognizing the need for the traditional cultural and historical curricula, the Frederick Douglass Institute seeks in addition to orient its students to the large policy issues that affect Africa and its diaspora.

1990

Ahead Program

\$5,000

This grant assisted the Frederick Douglass Institute in establishing a pilot project named AHEAD (Access to Hydrocarbon Energy for African Development). Ahead aims to provide clean-burning natural gas and oil to African villagers in Mozambique. Project planners hope to develop shallow gas and oil fields in Mozambique and other sub-Saharan countries to provide households an alternative to firewood.

DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION GRANTS

The Africa Fund

198 Broadway

New York, NY 10038

Since 1981 the Africa Fund has built a national network of key leaders in every region of the country through their campaigns for divestment and sanctions against South Africa. Close working relationships have been maintained with independence leaders in Frontline state governments in southern Africa.

1987

A.F.R.I.C.A. Video

\$5,000

Funds contributed to the production costs of Stetsasonic's rap video hit "A.F.R.I.C.A." which was developed to educate young people about the nations and struggles being waged in Southern Africa.

1988

Inner-City Education Program

\$50,000

Funds supported an education program in inner-city high schools in a number of cities around the country. The program featured members of Stetsasonic, their "A.F.R.I.C.A." video, and speakers from The Africa Fund, and was designed to raise awareness of Southern Africa issues and to inspire action among student and community groups.

1989

Support to "South Africa Now"

\$70,580

Two grants were provided to support the production of this weekly educational television program which presents newsbreaking events and background analysis of issues of importance to the Southern Africa region.

Africa News Service

P.O. Box 3851

Durham, NC 27702

Africa News Service has been covering Africa for over 14 years. It has won media awards for its reporting on hunger in Africa, and has gained high praise for the depth and accuracy of its radio programs and its widely read biweekly publication, 'Africa News'.

1988

Making A Difference

\$50,000

Funds were used to produce a series of radio programs called "Making A Difference" for National Public Radio's "All Things Considered", Monitor Radio, the BBC, and commercial radio. The goal of the series was to introduce Americans to Africans working on local initiatives to help their people to overcome development obstacles. Through the series, Americans were able to understand their stake in playing their part to help reverse trends of underdevelopment in Africa.

Africare

Africare House
440 'R' Street, NW
Washington, DC 20001

Since its inception in 1971, Africare has had the dual objective of responding to the development needs of people in Africa and in the US, and creating an awareness of Africa among Americans. Africare supports over 200 development projects in 17 African countries. In 1984 Africare launched its nationwide Development Education program, targeting African-Americans.

1988

African Development Education
\$43,070

These funds were used to establish and pilot a development education outreach program utilizing 'African development working groups' at 10 of the largest and most active churches in the African American community in Washington, DC.

The Children's Express Foundation
20 Charles Street
New York, NY 10014

Children's Express is an established, award winning, youth journalism organization with news bureaus in several major US cities. Children's Express also runs a syndicated newspaper column and has been nominated for a Pulitzer prize. Children's Express TV is produced by Harry Moses and the Mosaic Group.

TV News Magazine
\$51,000

Funds were used to develop two TV news magazine stories focusing on structural adjustment policies in Zambia and the plight of Mozambican refugee children for PBS and newspaper columns (syndicated to 30 newspapers nationally). The programs and stories highlighted discussions between CE reporters and African children and leaders, and US and international aid officials on these and related matters.

The Development Group for Alternative Policies (Development GAP)

1400|Street,NW,Suite 520

Washington, DC 20005

The Development GAP was established in 1977 for the purpose of working with Third World groups to develop alternatives to conventional aid programming and policies. To this end, it works at three levels: in the field with aid institutions, within US policy circles, and more broadly with the general public.

1988

Africa Public Policy Program

\$49,263

Funds were used to promote fundamental change in the nature of African development and aid programming and policy formulation by involving African popular development groups and other African VDOs in key decision-making processes affecting official policy initiatives towards Africa.

Development Institute - James Coleman African Studies Center

University of California, Los Angeles

10244 Bunche Hall

Los Angeles, CA 90024-1310

The Development Institute has several years experience working in development education programs, and seeks to move people in the US towards a broader, more wholistic, understanding of Africa's development settings.

1988

Seeing Africa Through New Perspectives

\$36,000

Funds were used to produce educational materials to help improve understanding and appreciation of African initiatives to overcome poverty at local, national and regional levels. The focus of the materials is on SADCC, the Southern Africa Development Coordination Conference, and on the concept of Sustainable Livelihood as a framework for understanding

village level development priorities. A key emphasis of the project has been on working through African-American churches in the Southern California area.

Emang Basadi

Department of Law
University of Botswana
Gaborone, Botswana

Emang Basadi (Stand Up Women) is a national NGO focusing on the problems and issues facing women in Botswana. Through research, publications, public education and other activities, this group works toward greater social equality and the removal of cultural and legal barriers which hinder the advancement of women.

1987

Women and the Law
\$10,000

Funds contributed to the cost of organizing a seminar on women and the law. Seminar participants analyzed the present legal status of women in Botswana and devised strategies to work toward improving this status and strengthening womens rights.

Global Exchange

2141 Mission Street Suite 202
San Francisco, CA 94110

Global Exchange is a development education organization which works with schools, churches and professional associations throughout the U.S. Global Exchange helps to organize international links and exchanges including sister city, sister school, and alternative trade relationships; a Speaker's Bureau and other citizen exchanges; and educational tours to increase awareness of grassroots development efforts around the world.

1988

Africa/US Links
\$33,000

These funds were used to help launch the Africa/US Links program which is involving Americans in on-going partnership programs with African citizens. Funds were used to develop a radio program in Northern California, and to build community ties through alternative trade and educational tours. Scholarship funds were provided to help low-income travellers participate in Global Exchange 'reality tours' to Southern Africa. Funds also supported research and publication of "Beyond Safaris: Building People-to-People ties with Africa."

Institute for Food and Development Policy (Food First)

145 Ninth Street
San Francisco, CA 94103

Food First is one of the oldest development education groups in the US. Through articles produced for major periodicals, educational materials, and by speaking on campuses, the organization is able to reach and influence its network of active supporters and the general public on hunger and development issues.

1988

Curriculum on Hunger
\$15,000

These funds were used for promoting and distributing Food First's innovative Curriculum on Hunger publication designed to create a new consciousness among of the causes of world hunger school children from grades 4 to 12.

International Development Conference (IDC)

1401 New York Avenue, NW
Suite 1100
Washington, DC 20005

The IDC has served since 1952 as a platform for American organizations and individuals concerned with development by organizing numerous national workshops and seminars. IDC's Development Education efforts have emphasized strong collaborative relationships with other organizations.

1988

Decade for International Understanding
\$50,000

IDC has initiated a ten year national campaign entitled the "Decade for International Understanding". Funds were used to create and mobilize a national coalition to focus on a spectrum of issues of national and international concern, to develop strategies for national and local activities, and to place African and Third World development issues on the US national agenda through education and advocacy initiatives.

National Council for International Health (NCIH)

1701 'K' St., Suite 600
Washington, DC 20006

The National Council for International Health provides leadership in the analysis and education of the American public, policy leaders and health professionals regarding international health issues. As a membership organization, NCIH is in frequent contact with members of the international community involved in implementing, technical assistance and/or funding overseas health projects at the grassroots level.

1988

US PVO Involvement In AIDS Prevention
\$15,700

Funds were used to research and develop a strategy to increase US NGO involvement in AIDS prevention activities in Africa. Results were discussed at a one-day session with key NGO representatives and a background paper with recommendations was presented at a World Health Organization meeting in Geneva in November 1988.

1990

Strengthening NGO Programs in AIDS Prevention
\$25,000

This grant has allowed NCIH to push forward policy and information initiatives designed to increase the number of US NGOs working in AIDS prevention. NCIH works to strengthen African NGOs working in AIDS prevention and has given representatives of these organizations an opportunity to influence deliberations at the International AIDS Conference in San Francisco in June 1990.

The National Council of Negro Women (NCNW)

1211 Connecticut Avenue, NW #702

Washington, DC 20036

NCNW has been in existence for over 50 years, and has been involved in international development for over a decade. NCNW has emphasized working in partnership with African women's organizations in the development of their programs.

1988

Development Education: People Reaching People

\$50,000

Funds contributed to a massive public education effort which involved training 2,400 development education advocates, conducting outreach activities at Black Family Reunion events, and extending the public education message through the launching of a new publication called "Sisters" magazine.

OEF International

1815 'H' Street, NW

Washington, DC 20006

OEF has worked for nearly 40 years in over 50 countries supporting women's efforts in the eradication of hunger and poverty. OEF has allocated increasing resources towards development education efforts in the US.

1988

Women to Women: US-Africa Dialogues

\$43,767

Funds were used to establish linkages and partnerships between 5 US and 5 Senegalese communities. Through an exchange of "video letters" highlighting women and their roles in their communities, women were able to gain a better sense of their differing circumstances and of the problems and aspirations they have in common.

Operation Crossroads Africa, Inc. (OCA)

150 Fifth Avenue
Suite 310
New York, NY 10011

OCA has been committed since 1957 to providing Americans with the opportunities to learn about Africa and the Caribbean first hand, and to help them understand the causes of poverty and underdevelopment in those regions.

1988

Minority Internship Program
\$50,000

Funds were used to reach minority Americans and institutions in a more systematic way through scholarships, educational materials, seminars, colloquia and other activities. Project objectives involved minorities in issues related to development, relief and US foreign policy towards Africa.

Overseas Development Network (ODN)

P.O.Box 2306
Stanford CA 94309

ODN is a national student organization with over 65 chapters that works to educate its own members and others about development issues. Its programs promote greater public understanding by encouraging students to be the conduits, as well as the receivers, of development education.

1988

Bike Aid Education Program
\$40,000

Funds were used to develop the educational component of ODN's annual 'Bike Aid' event, a cross country bicycle trip involving up to 150 cyclists and over 225 communities. Bike-Aid's main objectives are to get Third World and American citizens involved in educating each other; to overcome stereotypes and sensitize Americans to the importance of understanding Third World problems in their global contexts; and to move people towards long lasting interest and involvement in development issues.

The Panos Institute

1409 King St.
Alexandria, VA 22314

Panos is an independent, international, information institute working to promote sustainable development by stimulating constructive and informed debate. It acts as a bridge between the media and the development community and between nongovernmental organizations and official agencies in developing and developed countries.

1988

Aids Publication

\$5,000

Funds contributed to the dissemination and distribution of a Panos publication on AIDS. A special effort was made to accomodate the tremendous demand for the publication in Third World countries, thereby widening the context and debate about AIDS.

1989

'War Wounds' Publication

\$2,250

Funds were used to disseminate a Panos publication called 'War Wounds', which looks at the development costs of the civil war in Southem Sudan. Panos distributed 500 copies to specific groups which included leading foreign policy journalists and the African-American media, as well as key policy makers in Congress.

Rodale International

222 Main Street
Emmaus, PA 18098

Rodale International, a division of the non-profit Rodale Instiutute, supports the development of an international network for the sharing of information and technologies in the fields of agriculture, health and community development.

1988

Journalists Program

\$25,000

Funds were used to create a Journalists Program to escort US journalists and media commentators on trips to visit successful development programs in Africa; to create an editorial division devoted to gathering and marketing case-study oriented educational materials for use within the US school system; and to incorporate development education messages into Rodale Press publications.

The Roosevelt Center for American Policy Studies
316 Pennsylvania Avenue, Suite 500
Washington, DC 20003

The Roosevelt Center, a nonpartisan public policy institution. Its main objective is increasing public understanding of critical national policy issues and encouraging citizen participation in the US policy making process.

1988

Hunger and Development Module
\$50,000

Funds were used to develop educational materials and role playing exercises focusing on African hunger and development issues and to promote the direct involvement of a cross-section of US citizens in learning about these issues. The judgements of these participants were delivered to policymakers in Washington DC. in 1989.

The Synergos Institute
New York, NY 10028

The Synergos Institute is a non-profit organization founded in 1986, which assists groups in both developed and developing countries to establish and operate partnerships for social action, and collaborative problem-solving processes.

1988

Synergos Workshop
\$5,000

This grant provided for FAVDO memers from Africa to participate in a workshop held in New York. The workshop addressed the planning and institution building needs of three

partnership groups from different parts of the world where each group was permitted to define its own issues and planning problems for discussion.

TransAfrica Forum

545 Eighth Street, SE
Washington, DC 20003

Since its founding in 1981, TransAfrica Forum has been effective in educating and mobilizing the public toward greater participation in US foreign affairs by presenting alternative viewpoints on critical issues, and by broadening public debate on world affairs.

1988

Program Support Grant
\$50,000

TransAfrica Forum's main area of focus has been Third World development, particularly as it applies to Africa and the Caribbean. Funds were used to conduct research, policy analysis and educational and organizing activities focusing on five target groups: Women, Human Rights, Debt, Foreign Aid, and Labor.

Unitarian Universalist Service Committee (UUSC)

78 Beacon Street
Boston, MA 02108

UUSC, founded in 1939, is dedicated to enhancing the economic, social, civil and political rights of people throughout the world. UUSC has also provided technical assistance, materials and financial support to Africa for over 25 years, and has extensive experience in public education on development issues.

1988

Odyssey: From Alaska to Zimbabwe

\$50,000

Funds were used to support a pilot program of community action and learning about Africa. The program was designed to clarify linkages between American and African populations; promote changes in U.S. habits, attitudes and policies towards Africa; increase awareness about the global effects of racism, military aid, consumerism, and U.S. foreign and domestic policies; and initiate and support community services, coalition-building and issue advocacy in the U.S. on the local level.

1989

Introductory Guide to Africa

\$2,200

An "Introductory Guide to Africa" and an "Organizer's Handbook" were developed as an important part of the Odyssey project. These funds were used to publish the Guide in its final form and to distribute it to interested groups around the country.

Washington Office on Africa-Educational Fund

110 Maryland Avenue, NE

Washington, DC 20002

The Washington office on Africa is a fifteen year-old church and trade union sponsored lobbying and research organization. The WOA Educational Fund contributes toward educating various constituencies about US policies in Southern Africa, and addresses the growing educational needs of the grassroots community as well as those of Congressional members, media and scholars.

1988

Southern Africa Hunger and Development Education Project

\$50,000

This grant supported WOA's efforts to draw the attention of the American public to the widespread conditions of starvation, malnutrition, underdevelopment and war which persist throughout the southern Africa region, and to encourage Americans to support relief and development efforts directed to the area.

World Development Productions

Cambridge MA 02138

World Development Productions, Inc. is an independent, non-profit educational organization which was incorporated in 1988. World Development Productions collaborates closely with scholars at the Harvard Institute for International Development and with WGBH-TV in Boston. It was established to administer grants for the Breakthrough on Hunger event.

1988

Breakthrough On Hunger

\$50,000

Funds were used to plan and conduct pre-production research in Africa for the national television event, 'Breakthrough on Hunger', and for research on how best to stimulate viewership and motivate viewers to action at the grassroots level in their communities.

World Hunger Year (WHY)

261 W. 35th St. Suite 1402

New York, NY 10001-1906

WHY was founded in 1975 by singer and songwriter Harry Chapin and radio talk show host Bill Ayres. WHY works to inform the general public, the media and policy-makers on the extent and causes of hunger in the United States and abroad. WHY also initiates, organizes and participates in programs to promote more effective government and private sector policies regarding hunger, poverty and homelessness.

1988

Public Education Program

\$5,000 The grant was used to continue WHY's educational work on the problems of hunger and poverty through the publication of a special issue of their magazine Food Monitor entitled 'Reinvesting in America: Beyond Hunger and Homelessness'.

YMCA of the USA

101 N. Wacker Drive

Chicago, IL 60606

The YMCA is a charitable association, part of a worldwide movement that puts Christian principles into practice through programs to promote health, strong families, youth leadership, community development and international understanding.

1988

Africa Focus Project

\$50,000

Funds were used to build awareness among US policy and opinion makers and the general public about Africa's economic crisis, African development initiatives, and the need for policies which support these efforts. To this end, a local task force was formed in 10 major cities to design and implement development education programs that focus on Africa. The project was implemented in close collaboration with the United Nations Non-Governmental Liaison Service.

SUPPORT TO REGIONAL PROGRAMS

African Association for Literacy and Adult Education (AALAE)

Finance House, 6th Fl.,

Loita St.

P.O. Box 50768

Nairobi, Kenya

AALAE works to increase the level, quality and tempo of activities in the adult education movement, and facilitates participation and people-to-people exchange and solidarity, especially at the grassroots level. AALAE seeks to develop adult education networks in the areas of literacy, women in adult education and development, environmental education, training of adult educators, participatory research, and artists for development.

1988

Program Support Grant

\$350,000

This grant was used to help fund peace education, publications in English and French, action research and evaluation, and AALAE initiatives in South Africa. The grant also provided institutional support for AALAE.

African NGO's Environment Network (ANEN)

P.O. Box 53844

Nairobi, Kenya

ANEN is an African organization that was created in Nairobi in 1986. ANEN works at the grassroots level as well as at national, regional and international levels.

1988

Development of Program Strategy

\$25,000

Strategy sessions were held to develop a three-year program focusing on strengthening the capacity and technical competence of African environmental NGOs, and on building the institutional capacities of ANEN.

American Academy of Pediatrics

141 Northwest Point Blvd

P.O.Box 927

Elk Grove Village, IL 60009-0927

The American Academy of Pediatrics is an organization of 31,000 pediatricians dedicated to the health, safety and well-being of infants, children and adolescents. While most of its members are from the U.S., a number are from Latin America, Canada, Europe, Africa and the Near and Far East.

1987

International Child Health Initiative

\$16,480

Funds were used to set up an International Child Health Office in order to identify pediatric organizations and child health leaders in developing countries, to pair Academy Chapters with sister-societies in developing countries, and to exchange information on child health care and educational materials.

American Medical Student Association

Preston White Drive
Reston VA 22091

The American Medical Student Association is a national professional organization for physicians-in-training offering membership to over 36,000 medical students and residents. The AMSA Foundation is an educational foundation, serving as the major program arm of the organization.

1987

International Health Fellowship Program
\$683,738

The purpose of this project was to pilot a model for a national leadership development program in order to provide experience to US physicians-in-training who were interested in International Health care. It provided medical students and residents with an intensive six-month to one year training program in Africa in primary health care delivery programs.

Association of African Women for Research and Development (AAWORD)

BP 3304
Dakar, Senegal

AAWORD is a pan-African non-governmental association formed in 1977. AAWORD organizes research working groups which members can join in accordance with their area of specialization and research interests.

1987

Research on Women's Issues and Concerns
\$25,000

AAWORD organized a research project to identify the role of women as agents of development and as recipients of development assistance. Questionnaires and interviews were used to determine the social, cultural and economic impact of women in the areas of adult education, research, rural development, health, and environment. The resulting report was published as an AAWORD Occasional Paper.

Center for Development and Population Activities (CEDPA)

1717 Massachusetts Avenue, Suite 202

Washington, DC 20036

CEDPA is a non-profit management training organization dedicated to improving the skills of Third World managers of health, population and development programs.

1988

Training in Design and Management of Community-Based Health and Nutrition Projects

\$137,635

The goals of this project were to improve the health and economic status of women and children in Mali and Senegal by providing training to women leaders to manage and implement community-based projects in the areas of health, food and nutrition, agriculture and community development.

Eastern and Southern African Management Institute (ESAMI)

P.O.Box 3030

Njiro Hill

Arusha, Tanzania

ESAMI provides management training for administrators in governmental and non-governmental organizations in Eastern and Southern Africa.

1988

Women in Development Training Program

\$150,000

This grant allowed ESAMI to provide Women in Development Training Programs to over 50 individuals. Objectives were to sensitize representatives of governments and non-governmental organizations on the roles and situations of women in Eastern and Southern African societies, and to focus attention on gender issues related to development policy planning. A long-term objective was to facilitate integration of a concern for rural women and men so as to enhance their positive participation in and benefits from the development process.

Economic Commission for Africa (ECA)

P.O.Box 3001

Addis Ababa, Ethiopia

The UN Economic Commission for Africa was founded in 1958 to initiate and take part in measures for facilitating Africa's economic development.

1990

Arusha Conference on Popular Participation

\$15,000

As part of the UN Program of Action for African Economic Recovery and Development, a conference was organized in February 1990 under the joint sponsorship of VDOs, the UN, and the organization of African Unity. The goal of the conference was to discuss impediments to the participation of people's organizations in development, and to find ways of overcoming these impediments. The grant helped underwrite transportation, lodging and other conference costs for representatives of African development organizations.

Forum of African Voluntary Development Organizations (FAVDO)

BP 12085

Dakar, Senegal

FAVDO is the only continent-wide consortium of AVDOs organized and run by Africans. Its main purpose is to create effective communications links and solidarity among NGOs in Africa and with other NGO networks in the South and North.

1988

Institutional Development Grant

\$ 500,000

This grant was provided to support FAVDO's general program and administrative costs, including the establishment of its Secretariat in Dakar. Funds were used for the establishment of sub-regional and national networks and associations of African development organizations, to provide training for AVDO leadership, and to increase communication and networking links across the continent.

INADES-Formation

B.P. 8

Abidjan 08 Cote D'Ivoire

INADES-Formation (African Institute for Economic and Social Development) is a regional African NGO with offices in a number of African countries. A training institute for the promotion of African development in the areas of agriculture, community development, and environmental protection, INADES offers correspondence courses and training workshops to educate extension workers and farmers.

1988

Development of Rural Training in Africa

\$200,000

Funds were used to develop new approaches, methods, and materials for training rural women. Training was provided to project managers in farming techniques, health, home management and group organizing. Booklets, newsletters, training seminars, workshops, correspondence courses and field-visits were used to carry out this program in Cameroon, Côte D'Ivoire, Ethiopia and Burkina Faso.

Innovations et Réseaux Pour le Développement (IRED)

3, Rue De Varembe

1211 Genève 20

Suisse

IRED is an association of individuals, local and regional networks such as peasant groups, handicraftsmen, women's group, cooperatives and NGOs in the Third World.

1988

Programme in the Sahel

\$300,000

This grant was used to support IRED's over-all efforts, in particular its work with local development groups in West and Central Africa. It helped IRED enhance its presence in the region through support to the establishment of an office in Niamey, Niger, and contributed to exchange programs, institution building, and financial management of local VDOs.

InterAction

200 Park Avenue South New York, NY 10003

Interaction is a broad-based association of over 100 VDOs working in international development, relief and reconstruction, refugee assistance, public policy and federal relations and education on Third World development issues.

1988

Africa Partnership Project

\$250,000

Interaction's Africa Partnership Project worked to evaluate past African-U.S. experiences in collaboration and to agree on priorities for improved working relationships between African and US VDOs. Through a series of meetings and workshops in the U.S. and in Africa, the project sought to build trust among VDO leaders, and to leave in place new institutional ties that would contribute to continued collaboration in the future.

International Relief/Development Project (IRDP)

Harvard University

Graduate School of Education

Longfellow Hall, Appian Way

Cambridge, MA 02138

IRDP is a cooperative effort among non-governmental organizations based in the U.S., Canada, and Europe. IRDP develops guidelines for the design and implementation of relief projects in the Third World.

1988

Role of African NGOs

\$97,267

These funds allowed IRDP to include case studies of African development organizations in an on-going study of VDO efforts to promote long-term development concerns in their

disaster relief and emergency program interventions. The project also analyzed African VDO experiences in emergency programs in recent years.

International Union for Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources (IUCN)

Avenue du Mont-Blanc
CH-1196
Gland, Suisse

IUCN is an independent, international organization with membership of states, government agencies and non-governmental organizations. IUCN promotes the process of environmental rehabilitation in the Sahel and other drought-affected regions in Africa.

1988

IUCN Sahel Programme
\$200,000

This grant provided over-all support to IUCN's Sahel Programme, including network building in the Sahel and the completion of IUCN's Sahel Environmental Status Report. Through the organization of workshops, seminars, exchange visits and through management training and direct project support to local VDOs, IUCN sought to increase and enhance the efforts of these organizations to promote sustainable development practices in the Sahel.

Louisiana State University

Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70803-7511

The Louisiana Methodist World Hunger Scholarship Program was established in 1980 by the Louisiana Annual Conference of the United Methodist Church to provide support for young scientists from developing countries in Africa and Asia.

1988

World Hunger Scholarship Program
\$100,000

This program provided young African scientists with an opportunity to obtain advanced degrees in various fields of public health, human nutrition, and food production in order to

upgrade their technical capabilities. The program was restricted to academically capable applicants who were already employed in responsible positions in their own countries.

Pan African Institute for Development (PAID)

P.O. Box 133

Buea, South West Province

Cameroon

PAID, founded in 1964, provides training programs in integrated rural development on request by government and private development organizations.

1988

A training program for Selected Non-Governmental Organisations in Cameroon

\$150,000

Funds were used to provide seven full scholarships, for a 9-month long diploma course in Integrated Rural Development; and to cover the costs for 30 women who were members of Sierra Leone AVDOs, to attend a 2-week course in Creating and Managing Small Scale Enterprises.

SAGE

P.O.Box 42741

Atlanta, GA 30311-0741

SAGE: A Scholarly Journal on Black Women, was established in 1984. The publication comes out twice a year and its purpose is to sensitize readers to African women's issues.

1988

Women in Rural Africa

\$35,000

This project funded a special issue of SAGE focusing on the importance of women to African development by providing up-to-date information about women's organizations and activities, a synopsis of key issues affecting women, and a directory of educational material for its readers. This issue was designed to sensitize SAGE's traditional readers to African

women's issues and to the impact of U.S. policies on the lives of African women. It also hoped to promote new linkages between U.S. and African women's organizations.

World Federation of Health Associations

1015 Fifteenth St., N.W.

Washington, DC 20005

The World Federation of Public Health Associations (WFPHA) is an international, seven African nations, one of 45 public health associations from both the developing and industrialized world, including

1987

WFPHA Conference in Mexico

\$16,828

This funding allowed African country representatives to participate in a week-long conference in Mexico. The conference provided a forum where international, non-governmental representatives of the world public health community could exchange experiences and ideas on implementing primary and community health care under current social and economic conditions.

International Committee of African Women for Development (CIFAD)

01 BP 5147

Abidjan, Cote d'Ivoire

CIFAD, a regional network of Women's organizations, is an international coordinating body with national committees in at least 17 countries in Africa. Its mandate is to help improve the status of women by providing access to training opportunities and increasing communication and collaboration among African women.

1988

Support to General Assembly

\$15,000

This grant contributed to the costs of CIFAD's Second General Assembly, held in Yaoundé, Cameroon in October 1988. Discussions during the Assembly included reports on projects implemented by CIFAD national committees, the creation of a documentation center and

donation bank, and organizational priorities for the international committee. In addition, delegates attended a training workshop on project planning, fundraising, and small business management, and made site visits to local development projects.